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OUR

MUSLIN UNDERWEAR SALE

Starts Monday Morning and will last ten days.

We have received a complete assortment of Beautiful White Muslin Underwear made by the **Defender Mfg. Co., of New York** and consisting of Corset Covers, Drawers, Night Gowns and Skirts.

We placed our orders for them early in the season and were fortunate enough to get them at prices that ruled the cotton market **before the advance in prices.**

They are decidedly the BEST MUSLIN UNDERWEAR VALUES EVER OFFERED in this locality.

They are Ample in Measurement, Reliable in Quality, Reasonable in Price, Perfect in Style, Fit and Finish.

Corset Covers from 25c to 1.98

Drawers from 29c to 2.75

Night Gowns from 49c to 2.75

Skirts from 59c to 3.75

We would suggest that if you are in need of anything at all in the line of Muslin Underwear, that you take advantage of our White Muslin Underwear Sale. The prices we we have put on them will make them go.

PACIFIC STORE CO.

Julius I. Kirschberg

Bought Direct from the Mills

No Middleman to Pay

100 dozen 25c

Heavy Cashmere

All Wool Socks, must go

at 15c

straight. See our window.

TIMES CLOTHING MART

R. A. MUSKETT

CO-OPERATIVE BUYING

QUESTION OF FREIGHTS AN ALL IMPORTANT ONE

A Delusion that Appeals to Those Who Have Given No Thought to Probable Quality of Goods.

The natural tendency of the American of today is to get the most he can for his money, and in carrying out that principle, he will embrace any opportunity which has even a suggestion of chance to arrive at the desired results.

Co-operation would be successful if it did not have to take into consideration the frailty of human nature, for, to be explicit, no one can hire a man to be watchful, keen and energetic, nor to put forth such efforts in behalf of unknown people as he does when striving for personal achievement.

To the writer's knowledge, there have been but few instances where success has rewarded co-operation in buying and selling the staple articles of food.

A co-operative society in London, England, is meeting with success, owing to the fact that its members live in close touch with the business in the same or adjacent streets.

Three years ago a co-operative society was formed in a town not far from Seattle. They have been doing business ever since, but at what cost? Today their credit is so poor their account is not wanted by the wholesalers and a bill of goods must be paid for with cash. The outcome is inevitable; if this society does not go into bankruptcy each and every one of its separate members will be held responsible for its debts in a moral sense if not in a legal one.

Is not the patronizing of home industries and of our home people the first principle of co-operation? Is it not a fact that communities have a certain amount of money per capita? Would you lessen your chances of making a decent living by reducing that per capita by sending your money to distant parts to enrich a strange community?

Mr. C. Jones was a boot and shoe dealer. The Presbyterian church in his town needed a new organ. Mr. Jones, always ready to contribute his mite to the advancement of home interests, agreed, when solicited for a subscription, to give ten dollars if they would permit him to add any other names he wished, and to publish the result. He signed C. Jones $10; Montgomery Ward & .Co. $00; Sears, Roebuck & Co. $00.

The mail order houses in Chicago are going to abandon their grocery departments, for the margins are so small in that line and the other departments have had to bear the loss of cutting.

An agent of a co-operative society tells you that for $2.50 you can become a member, and on a $25 order he will be able to save you $5.

$5 saved from $25 leaves $20. The $25 order will weigh at least 300 lbs; the freight is $2.50 per 100, admitting it might be $2 per 100 in car load lots, the expense will be $6, or $14 for the presumed cost of goods your home merchant would charge you $25 for. Ye gods, what a profit! No wonder our home merchants are waxing fat and prosperous.

There is not a grocer in this city but what can and will duplicate any price made by any mail order house or co-operative concern for the same bill of goods laid down at your door, providing quality and weight be the same. In this connection, it must be remembered the people of Angeles demand and are used to having the better grades. Traveling men say they sell the best class of goods in this city of any place they make.

No matter how great our individuality, we are dependent on our brothers, and at some time in our life we are glad to cling to him for support, even tho it be for a short time. But try clinging to a mail order house and note the result!

Will the co-operative society, if you are short of some small article, bring it to your door? If you have a run of hard luck, will they feed and clothe your family until you get on your feet?

We mill our flour at our door; we can our fruit and vegetables on the coast; we raise beans enough to ship and supply the Middle West; coffee, tea, spices, rice, and a host of other things are imported thru our ports; we ship our prunes to supply Chicago; sugar is supplied from the great refineries at SanFrancisco.

Can you ship these products, and many more, to Chicago and back again and save money?

The Coast is no longer dependent on the East for a single article of food. We buy eastern brands of manufactured goods because we have become familiar with them thru long continued and extensive advertising. And we always will. We buy, for instance, coffee and tea put in cans in Chicago by Chase & Sanborn, when the same coffee and tea is put up right here on the sound. We pay pay freight to Chicago and back and imagine the goods are better because they cost us more. And we might cite a thousand similar instances. We use Royal baking powder because we've come to believe it the best thru years of advertising. There may be other pure baking powders, but Royal reputation stands back of Royal powder. We have only the word of the agent who don't know whether he is telling the truth or not as to the purity of unadvertised brands.

But these houses that put up these goods, whether it be breakfast food or pickles, and force the initial demand by advertising, retaining their hold by absolute and unvarying quality, virtually compel the retailer to sell their goods, tho he may have the same qualities put up on the Coast at a less price. And so compelling him, by creating the demand thru advertising, they do not have to allow him a large margin of profit. Advertised articles are sold at the barest margin of profit. Such goods cannot be obtained from mail order houses at cut prices — and you pay the freight. When you buy cheap groceries in Chicago you take your chances; you can get equally cheap goods at home and know what you are buying.

FIRST MEETING NEW BOARD

Commissioner Lauridsen Elected Chairman. Auditor Hawkins will Continue as Clerk.

The new board of county commissioners held its first session Monday and Tuesday of this week. Commissioner Lauridsen was elected chairman. But little business was transacted, the seven days' session of the old board having practically cleaned the slate.

A jury list of 169 members was selected; Dr. T. J. Appleton, Jr., was appointed county health officer and physician; Miss Annette Trumbull was appointed to fill vacancy on county board of education; C. W. Fields appointed justice of peace for Port Angeles precinct.

Bonds of Treasurer Pringle, Coroner McGillivray, Health officer Appleton, and of the banks to county treasurer, also bond of Lotzgesell & Cays, were approved.

Auditor was instructed not to issue warrants hereafter until after ten days from allowance of claims.

Salaries of deputies in treasurer's office fixed at $85, $80, and $70; auditor's office, $85 and $80; sheriff's $3 and clerk's $2.50 per day when needed.

LAST WEEK

before the

LANGE CONCERT

in Opera House,

Friday Evening, January 25th

Don't fail to get your seats at Mathewson's drug store before it is too late. Tickets 50 cts.

LESTER STILL IS JUDGE

PUBLIC OFFICIAL, THO DECEASED, DICTATES SUCCESSOR

Political Agreement Made to Secure Vote of Island County Held Paramount to Wishes of People.

Lester Still, a prominent young attorney of Coupeville, Island county, was appointed by the governor at Olympia Tuesday, to fill the vacancy caused by the death of Judge Hatch. Judge Still had the solid support of his county, where he is well liked by everyone, and is to be congratulated on securing the coveted position.

But it appears that, while we of Clallam county believed the unexpired term belonged to us as a matter of justice, and had agreed upon Judge McClinton as our candidate, Governor Mead did not deign to give us the slightest consideration, promising the position to a Jefferson county man on request of Lieut.-Gov. Coon, within two days after the death of Judge Hatch.

A few extracts from the Seattle Times will serve to show the attitude Governor Mead took in the matter:

"At the conference to select a success or to Judge Hatch appeared two members of the House from Jefferson, one each from Clallam and Island, Senators Blair and Condon, and Lieut.-Gov. Coon; with A. R. Coleman and John Trumbull representing H. Ballinger; W. E. Burnside appearing in the interests of Judge McClinton, and Lester Still and Luther Weeden for Still.

"Opinions were asked from all present on the best man to be selected, and of the seven members to the legislature five spoke promptly and unequivocally for Ballinger, whom the governor had promised the position. These were the two from Jefferson, one from Clallam, Senator Blair and Lieut.-Gov. Coon.

"On the morning of January 3rd, Gov. Mead promised Lieut.-Gov. Coon that he would appoint Harry Ballinger. The promise was also made to Capt. Sewell, member from Jefferson. An hour later A. R. Coleman, law partner of Ballinger, appeared before Mead, who promptly and smilingly told him he had already promised the appointment of Ballinger to Coon and Sewell.

"The following morning Coleman received a telegram from the governor, deferring the appointment until the meeting of the legislature. Subsequent events proved that Mead was only working up a glorious farce. Mysterious orders, from interests inimical to Ballinger, had been received by Mead, and he was sparring for a pretext to grease the slide.

"After explaining that he had postponed the appointment on account of the receipt of a certain paper, Mead acknowledged that he had promised the three men mentioned, unequivocally, that he had decided on Ballinger's appointment, but he held that the "voice from the grave" was the voice that directed him. Then he read the mysterious document.

"It was dated March 30, 1904, and signed by the late Judge Hatch. In it he pledged himself to Lester Still that at the election in 1908 he would not be a candidate for re-election and would support Still for the office. The governor said he esteemed Hatch an able and upright man and he thought it was his duty to see that the man he selected as his successor get the office.

"Amazement was written on the faces of those present when the governor unfolded his alleged reason for changing his mind. A member of the party subsequently remarked:

"I would rather have seen Mead deliberately throw us down and satisfy us that he was simply a liar than to have him make us ridiculous and to be taken for the gullible fools he esteemed us."

T. S. BROPHY & CO.

Phone 33

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By using

Pyramid Flour

This Flour is a winner and has become the universal favorite among our patrons who use it.

Try a sack with your next order. Ask your neighbor about it.

$1.25 Sack or $4.90 per Bbl

We are specialists in the Best Things to Eat.

T. S. Brophy & Co.

Opera House Block

LIGHT RATES ARE SETTLED

No Action on Marshal. Clerk to Be Inspector of Lights.

The city council held an extended session Tuesday night, the time being taken up with electric light matters, little other business being transacted. The mayor continued to stand pat on appointment of city marshal and question was not brought up by council. It is understood action will have to be taken at the next meeting, if at all.

The new rate card for electric light was finally established, to go into effect February 1st. It provides that the first eight 16 c. p. lamps shall cost consumers 70c each on the ten o'clock limit; additional lamps 35c each. Five 16s to one o'clock cost $1 each and additional lamps 60c. All night rates are first two 16s $1.50 each; add. lamps 70c each. Meter rates 10c per kw. hour for 50 kw. hours or less; over 50 5c per kw. hour. Minimum rate $1 per month. Rates for residences remain as before.

The clerk's duties, in connection with lighting system, were decided upon; he is to act as collector, take readings of meters, be general inspector of lights, is to connect new subscribers and cut off those in arrears, and keep account of material, etc., furnished plant by city.

TRY MATHEWSON'S

WHITE PINE COUGH SYRUP FOR COLDS

It is sold on its merits and has no superior.

Mathewson's Drug Store

Near Post Office

Phone 28 Mail your Orders

Olympic Leader

WEBSTER PUB. CO.

Port Angeles, - - Wash.

Minor Happenings of the Week

The senate has confirmed the nomination of Brigadier General Franklin Bell, chief of staff of the army, to be major general.

The Russo-Chinese bank, one of the largest European financial institutions, has opened a brach in New York. It will be under the management of Walter Llutzelb.

President Roosevelt has been elected an honorary member of the Royal Geographical Society at London. Others so honored include Emperor William, King Edward, King Oscar and KingL eopold.

The supreme court of Oregon last week suspended A. H. Tanner from practice as a member of the Oregon bar for a period of 90 days, for the part he took in the effort to shield Senator Mitchell in the land fraud trials.

Philip B. Stewart, of Colorado, has notified the president that his business engagements are such that he will not be able to accept the position of commissioner of the general land office to be made vacant by the retirement of Commissioner Richards on March 4.

The digest of the message which Gov. Cummins sends to the legislature, recommends a 2-cent railroad fare, calls for the institution of an investigation in the matter of freight rates, and asks for a limitation of the working hours of railroad men. The governor thinks all city aldermen should be elected at large.

King Alfonso is president of a committee that is arranigng a motor car exhibit at Madrid in May.

Sir Thomas Lipton has contributed a cup for a yacht race in Hampton Roads during the Jamestown exposition.

Several cities in Europe, particularly in Russia and Sweden, as well as a few on the eastern coast of this country, were shaken by earthquakes last week.

The Japanese government has decided that on account of the anti-Japanese agitation on the Pacific coast the training squadron now on a cruise will not visit this coast, but will go as far as Honolulu only.

Henry M. Hoyt, United States district attorney at Nome, has been appointed by President Roosevelt to represent the government as special prosecutor in the land fraud cases in Indian territory and Oklahoma.

A tidal wave has devastated some of the Dutch Indian islands south of Achin. The loss is very great. It is known that 300 persons perished on the island of Tana and forty were drowned at the island of Simalu.

The Canadian Pacific company has placed a contract in Liverpool for the building of a steel freight steamer for the Skagway route. Plans have also been sent to England for a large passenger steamer to alternate with the Princess Victoria on the Victoria-Seattle-Vancouver run.

BIDS ARE OPENED FOR PANAMA CANAL WORK

Washington, Jan. 15.—Proposals opened by the canal commission for the entire construction of the Panama canal were a low a had been expected by experts on construction work. For some time it has been known that several members of the commission believed 7 per cent on the estimated cost of construction would be a fair renumeration for a contractor under the form prepared by the commission. The lowest proposal was that of William J. Oliver, of Knoxville, Tenn., and Anson M. Bangs, of New York city, who offered to do the work for 6.75 per cent on the estimated cost, is lower than had been expected.

Granting that the estimate of $140,000,000 for the construction of the canal, which has been frequently spoken of in congress, is accurate, the remuneration of the Oliver-Bangs combinationn would be $9,459,000 in case it was to be awarded the contract. Much discuison has been caused by the great difference in the only four bids received, as they ranged from 6.75 to 28 per cent.

William J. Oliver and Anson M. Bangs have been in the contracting business for many years and the statement they furnished with their proposal show that they have done much important work. Mr. Oliver states that he has completed $18,000,000 worth of work in ten years, and now has $31,500,000 worth of work in progress. He gives his assets as $3,000,000.

Mr. Bangs gives his assets at $2,000,000 and states that he was the contractor for the Soo lock at the Sault Ste. Marie, Michigan, Delaware breakwater and Buffalo breakwater, the contract price for each of these being $2,500,000.

Mauna Lon in Eruption

Honolulu, Jan. 12 —The crater on the summit of the volcano of Mauna Loa has broken out. The eruption forms a magnificent spectacle, which is visible for a hundred miles at sea.

WASHINGTON NEWS

The president has sent to the senate the nomination of Arthur F. Statter to be assistant secretary of the treasury.

During the year 1906 Everett mills shipped by rail and water 221,000,000 feet of lumber, and it is expected that this year will increase the output.

Joseph Cook, of Tacoma, formerly deputy county asse sor of Pierce county, has been temporarily appointed assistant land conmmissioner by Commissioner Ross.

Beginning next Sunday the free lunch will disappear from Spokane saloons. Out of 204 bars in the city 96 have signed an agreement to eschew the free lunch on that date.

The new life saving tug, bids for the construction of which will be opened next month, will be used in connection with the Neah bay life saving station and will have her headquarters at Neah bay.

Assistant City Engineer Scott has completed specifications for the extension of Seattle's Cedar river water system. They involve an expenditure of about $2,500,000 and include a new conduit larger than any now in use.

Judge Hiram E. Hadley on Monday last became chief justice of the supreme court of the state of Washington, succeeding Chief Justice Wallace Mount. This is under the rule that the justice having the shortest time to serve shall be chief justice.

Exports from the port of Seattle for the past calendar year are estimated at $21,000,000.

The new Douglas county courthouse at Waterville has been completed and accepted by the board of county commissioners.

D. F. Percival, of Cheney, for 25 yeiars a Spokane county citizen and for five consecutive terms mayor of Cheney, died suddenly last week. He was a civil war veteran.

Surveyors have completed their work on the proposed line between South Bend and Aberdeen. This line will open up immense bodies of timber and will add materially to the lumber output of both towns.

Eighth grade examinations will be held throughout the state on January 17 and 18. The grammar school pupils who pass this examination are admitted to the high schools of the state without further examination.

Summary of School Laws

Washington, Jan. 15.—The bureau of education has prepared a publication that icalculated to do away with all unnecessary labor on the part of state legilators who are looking for precedents in framing school legislation. It i entitled "State School Sytems," and was prepared by Prof. Edward Elliott, of the University of Wisconsin. It contains a summary of all the school legislation of the past two years in each of the state, together with a criticism under several heads.

Military Prosecutor Shot

St. Petersburg, Jan. 12.—Lieut. Gen. Vladimir Pavloff, the military procurator, or advocate, generally known since the days of the late parliament as "Hangman Pavloff," from the epithet constantly applied to him by the Radical deputies, was shot and killed while walking in the garden of the chief military court building near the Moika canal. The assassin was arrested after a long chase.

Immigration Is Heavier

Seattle, Jan. 12.—Immigration through the city of Seattle during the past year reached a total of 3,578 persons. These figures show a slight gain over the previous year. Nearly all the immigrants came from Japan, China and other Oriental ports. Many of them were in transit and many returned after an absence.

SEATTLE MARKET REPORT

Purchasing Prices.

The following prices are offered to the producer by the local dealers for delivery in round lots f. o. b. Seattle, and are subject to change without notice:

Grain—Oats, $25@26 per ton; barley, $20@21; wheat, chicken feed, $22@24; bran, $15; shorts, $18; corn, $27.

Hay—Eastern Washington, $19@20; Puget Sound, $14.50; alfalfa, $13@14.50.

Eggs—Strictly fresh ranch, 41@42c.

Poultry—Live hens, 14@15c per lb; old roosters, 12c; ducks, old, 14c; spring chickens, 14c; turkeys, live, 20c.

Wool—Eastern Washington, 15@18c per lb; Western Washington, 20@22c; dirty or timber stained, 18@20c

Live stock—Sheep, wethers, 6c per lb; ewes, 5@5½c; hogs, 6½@7c; steers, 4½; cows, 3½c; calves, 5@7c; lambs, $3@5 per head.

Tacoma Quotations.

Wheat—Club, 66c; bluestem, 68c; red, 64c.

Oats—$27@28; rolled oats, $28@29.

Hay, Alfalfa, Etc—Wheat hay, $16@17; timothy, $20@21; mixed, $15@21; alfalfa, $12.50@14.

Feed—Corn, $27; Wheat, $23.50@25; barley, whole grain, $22.00@23; rolled, $22.50@24; shorts, $17.50@18.50; bran, $17.50@18.50.

Poultry—Turkeys, dressed, 25c; chickens, dressed, 19c; ducks, dressed, 15c; geese, dressed, 16c; Live—Hens, 13½@14c; spring chickens, 15c; ducks, 11c; geese, 11c.

Butter—Washington creamery, 35@36c; Eastern creamery, 30c;.

Eggs—Washington ranch, 40c; Oregon, 30c; Eastern, 28c.

LEGISLATURE MEETS

BIENNIAL SESSION NOW DOING BUSINESS AT OLYMPIA.

J. A. Falconer Is Elected Speaker of the House Without Contest. Formal Organization Practically the Only Work of the Opening Day.

Olympia, Jan. 15.—Washington's Tenth legislature began yesterday with a sesison of the house lasting 30 minutes, and an hour session of the senate, devoted solely to organization, notable from the fact that the "insurgents" were in thorough control. The regulars were so cowed that they sat mute until it came to confirming the rules proposed by the "insurgents." Davis, of Pierce, then moved to cut out the section requiring the confirmation of committee appointments. This was defeated by a vote of 15 to 26. Davis then threw up the sponge and moved unanimous approvial of the rules.

Senators Stevenson and Paulhamus joined in a resolution adopted by the senate reciting the deaths since last session of Senators Russell and Stewart, and providing for joint senate and house memorial services to be held Friday.

Representative Falconer was unanimously elected speaker of the house, and Jones, of Tacoma, president pro tem of the senate.

L. O. Meigs, of North Yakima, and Grant Cottrill, of Centralia, were elected chief clerk and sergeant-at-arms respectively and were sworn in.

SOME OF THE MORE PROMINENT MEASURES

Olympia, Jan. 14.—As members of both houses of the legislature have arrived it has become more and more apparent that they have made up their minds pretty fully as to what constitutes the most important legislation to be introduced this session, and that in the front rank is the direct primary bill. The onlv question in the minds ofmany of the delegates is the form of the direct primary bill to be enacted, and all profess a willingness and desire to vote for the strongest bill of the kind that can be framed.

Redistricting State

On the question of redistricting the state there is not the same unanimity of intention. In the main it is the expressed desire of the Republicans to obey the plank of the state platform which pledges the members to vote for a bill dividing the state into congressional districts, but the manner of making the triangular division is a question not easy of solution.

Revenue and taxation will be well to the front as a topic of legislation, and from what can be learned the legislature will be liberal in the treatment of state institutions, particularly the penal, reform and asylums for the insane. The Alaska-Yukon-Pacific exposition appropriation will be liberal, though none of the members interviewed outside of the King county delegation, just what he is in favor of doing for the big exposition to be held in Seattle in 1909.

Few Have Bills Prepared

A feature of the lobby gossip is the few senators and representatives who have arrived with bills prepared and ready to introduce. In former years the big interests of the state, such as lumber, fish, logging, dairying, farming, mining, railroads, and the many lobbies that have been maintained, have been prepared for the opening of the session with bills covering their several wants, but this year apparently very few measures are ready for introduction.

Sullivan Estate Decided

Seattle, Jan. 12.—By a decision rendered by Judge Arthur E. Griffin in the superior court of King county, the famous Sullivan will case, contested in state and federal courts for the past six years, is settled in favor of the Irish claimants, Hannah Callaghan and Edward Corcoran, held to be first cousins of John Sullivan. By this decision a plain old Irish woman of Cork and a Dublin harnessmaker are declared the sole heirs to an estate the value of which is estimated at between $500,000 and $700,000. Hannah Callaghan has died since the litigation began, and her share goes to Mr. Corcoran. Senator Piles, who represened the heirs, gets half of the es ate for his services.

Writings of Extinct Nations

Berlin, Jan. 15.—Dr. Lecoq, of the Berlin Ethnological museum, who some time ago made made discoveries of Buddhist antiquities in Northeast Tuorkestan, has arrived in Berlin. His most precious discovery, he says, consisted of fifteen chests filled with manuscripts in no fewer than ten lan guage. These, with other articles, dug out of the sand, are relics of a highly cultured and artistic people that once inhabited these regions.

Awards Tieton Project Contract

Washington, Jan. 14.—The secretary of the interior has awarded a contract to the Expanded Metal and Corrugated Bar Company, of St. Louis, for furnishing 1,800,000 pounds of steel bars for reinforced concrete work in connection with the Tieton irrigation project in Washintgon. The contract price is $38,315.99.

FOR ALASKA ROADS

House Votes to Appropriate Quarter Million Dollars.

Washington, Jan. 12.—The largest appropriation over given for roads and trails in Alaska has been passed by the house as an amendment to the regular army supply bill. The amount caried for this purpose was $250,000, and it would have been included in the army bill as reported from the committee except for a clerical error.

This money is to be expended under the dircetion of the military road commssion and was strongly urged before the comimttee by Maj. Richardson, president of the board, and Gov. Hoggatt.

The moneys composing what is known in the federal treasury as the Alaska fund are still available for road construction and other projects in the territory, the portion applied to roads and trails being something like $75,000 or $80,00 each year.

PACKING PLANTS MERGE WITH IMMENSE CAPITAL

Chicago, Jan. 14.—With the exception of Schwarzschild & Sulzberger, all the big Chicago stockyard plants have been consolidated in a single monster organization, according to apparently reliable reports from a meeting of the local packers' representa tives. The company is said to be capitalized at $500,000,000, with Louis F. Swift at its head. J. Ogden Armour, hitherto the foremost among the Chicago packers, is said to be about to retire, although several years may elapse before it will be possible for him to withdraw from the enterprise in which he is interested.

The crushing criticism of the stockyards industry, which found its climax in the recent federal investigation, is said to be responsible for Mr. Armour's decision to withdraw from the enterprises which his father's genius made famous throughout the world. The organization is the outcome of negotiations started months ago to form a holding concern to weld the packing interests into a single force.

It is understood that Armour, Morri and the Swifts will figure as separate leaders even under the combine agreement, but they will work together as a single concern.

Just how the combine will deal with the Schwarzschild & Sulzberger Company is not known, though it is agreed in financial circles that the independent concern will be compelled by the overwhelming strength of the combination to comply with the latter's wishes, whether or not it desires to do so.

It is still uncertain, too, in what way the trust will avoid conflict with the government. It is said a plan has been arranged, however, by which it is believed there will be no violation of existing anti-trust statutes.

STOCK BREEDERS HOLD MEETING AT PULLMAN

Pullman, Jan. 12.—Some interesting facts of stock raising have been brought out in the meetings of the Inland Registered Stock Breeders' Association, in session here during the week.

M. W. Whitlow, of Pullman, furnished the association with a statement of a number of experiments he had carried on to determine the value of wheat as a feed for livestock. Mr. Whitlow showed that wheat properly fed to hogs was worth from 75 cents to $1 a bushel.

Prof. H. T. French, of the University of Idaho, gave a very interesting talkon the possibilities of light horse breeding in the Inland Epmire. He drew attntion to the fact that not only were the Eastern markets paying high prices for high class horses, but that the growth of Western cities and the increasing wealth of Wetsern business men gave promise of a first-class local market for fine horses.

Reviews Live Stock Conditions

B. T. Bryan, of Moscow, Idaho, reviewed live stock conditions in the Inland Epmire, and drew attention to the fact that in every branch, with the possible exception of beef cattle, the prospects were better than they had been for years, with all classes of stock bringing good prices. He was of the opinion that these promising conditions would continue.

Dr. S. B. Nelson, state veterinarian, gave a very interesting report on the live stock conditions in Washington and the work of the state veterinarian. He drew attention to the fact that at the present time the amount of live stock kept in the state of Washington is by no means as great as the acreage of arable land justifies.

To Amend State Food Law

Seattle, Jan. 14.—Pure food legislation prepared by the Washington State Grocers' aAssociation, conforming to the national act, will be submitted to the legislature early in the coming session as possible. An act already exists, passed in 1899 and amended in 1901. It is defective in several respects, however, and the purpose of the new bill will be to make the old more in harmony with the national measure.

Buying Up Tin Mines

London, Jan. 15.—The great tin centers of Cornwall are agitated over the report that an American syndicate is buying up the richest tin mines there. A representative of the syndicate, it is said, has been in Penzance for some weeks. The report has not been confirmed.

FAVOR LAKE CANAL

ARMY ENGINEERS BOOST LAKE WASHINGTON PROJECT.

Report Advises Government to Construct Masonry Lock Instead of Timber Lock Proposed By Original Plans—Great Saving in the End.

Washington, Jan. 14.—The most complete and emphatic endorsement ever given to the Lake Washington canal project has been received at the war department in the form of a report fr m the army engineers appointed by the secretary of war to supervise plans of the waterway as proposed by James A. Moore.

The report not only indorses the undertaking as one in which the government of the United States is legitimately concerned, but it specifically answers every argument that was ever advanced in opposition to the construction of this waterway by the federal government. In fact, the most enthusiastic Seattle advocate of the canal could have advised no stronger considerations than are set forth in the report of Col. W. H. Heuer and Maj. Chittenden.

The outcome is all the more significant from the fact that Col. Heuer was a member of the board of 1902 that reported adversely on the canal scheme.

Part of the report has special reference of course to the proposition that the canal be built by the joint efforts of James A. Moore or his assigns, and King county, but no stronger argument could have been desired, even if it were proposed that the government should build the whole waterway, as was the case up to a year ago.

Recommends Masonry Lock

The most important recommendation of the Heuer-Chittenden report is that the government relieve James A. Moore of the construction of a timber lock by appropriating $1,400,000 for the construction of a masonry lock.

It proposes that Mr. Moore, being relieved in this way, shall commute the cost of the timber lock into the excavation of the main line of the canal and in the lock pit. The report abounds in figures calculated to show that it would be the greatest economy for the government to take this course. It declares that a timber lock would not last probably more than five years, and would under the most favorable circumstances, have to be renewed in from ten to fifteen years.

The renewal, even if timber and not stone should be used, would cost as much or more than it would cost to build a masonry lock now.

The engineers say in their report that if the government would appropriate $1,400,000 for a masonry lock, allowing Mr. Moore to expend the cost of a wooden lock on the excavation along the line of the canal, the result would be a waterway 75 feet wide and 28 feet deep, instead of 60 feet wide and 25 feet deep, as contemplated by the present plan. This would make a canal capable of admitting the largest ships now entering Puget sound, with the exception of the Minnesota and the Dakota.

It is estimated by the engineers that if Mr. Moore were relieved of the lock construction he would be enabled by this saving to excavate 1,166,000 cubic yards more of earth, and this would produce the extra width and depth stated.

SENATE PASSES BILL TO LIMIT RAILROAD HOURS

Washington, Jan. 12.—By a vote of 70 to 1, the senate passed a bill providing that railway employes engaged in handling trains shall not work more than 16 consecutive hours, which period is to be followed by 10 hours off duty. The one negative vote was cast by Senator Pettus.

This result was reached after an entire day spent in discussing the subject. The parliamentary situation was confused during the entire time, caused by the forty pending amendments and the three subsitutes for the original bill, all of which had to be disposed of.

The bill which was finally passed was a substitute offered by Senator La Follette, and not in print.

The bill provides that in certain contingencies and in case of accident the time fixed may be exceeded. The enforcement of the law is placed in the hands of the interstate commerce commission and the federal courts, the penalty being a fine of not less than $100 nor more than $1,000. The act is to apply to trains doing an interstate or foreign commerce business.

Locate Underground Water Supply

Washintgon, Jan. 12.—A recommendation was recently made to the geoloigcal survey by Representative Jones that a survey be made in Douglas county for the purpose of locating artesian water and inestiagtinvg the whole subject of irrigation from underground sources. Mr. Jones has received word from the survey that it is proposed, during the coming summer, to make an extensive examination not only in Douglas county but in other parts of Washington with this object in view.

For Increase in Artillery Corps

Washington, Jan. 10.—Secretary Taft has appeared before the house committee on military affairs and urged the necessity for an increase in the artillery corps.

SMITH TO SUCCEED ALGER

Michigan Congressman Receives Nomination for Senator.

Lansing, Mich., Jan. 12.—Congressman William Alden Smith, of Grand Rapids, has been nominated to succeed United States Senator Alger. As there are only half a dozen Democrats in the legislature the nomination Republica caucus is equivalent to election.

NORTHWEST FRUIT GROWERS AT SEATTLE

Seattle, Jan. 15.—The fourteenth annual meeting of the Northwest Fruit Growers' Association will be held tomorrow and the next day on the top floor of the McCarthy Dry Goods Company's building.

When the meeting was first planned the place selected was the Commercial Club rooms, but owing to the large number that are to be present from the five states that will be represented at the meeting a more spacious place was procured.

Four beautiful silver cups have been given to the association, one by George B. Kittinger and three by the Seattle Produce Association.

A silver cup will be given for the best display of apples in boxes, not less than three varieties, the points to be pack, size, color and quality. A silver cup will be given for the best display of pears. A silver cup will be awarded for the best display of apples, sweepstakes, and another silver cup for the best and largest display of fruit in general.

Following is the program of the meeting:

Association and Shipping Session

"Necessity and Benefits of Association for Fruit Growers and Business Principles Involved in Organiaztion and management." — E. H. Shepard, Hood River.

"Marketing of Fruit Through Individual Associations and Combined Organization and Policies for Harmonizing the Work of the Various Associations and Leading Shippers."—H. M. Gilbert, North Yakima.

Discussion to follow by association managers.

"Building Up of Foreign and Eastern Markets."—H. C. Tibbets, Cashmere.

Transportation Session

"The Need of Better Transportation."—Senator W. H. Paulhamus, Sumner.

"Transportation of Fruit Products, the Past and Prospective."—Henry Blakely, for Northern Pacific; H. M. Adams, for Great Northern; R. B. Miller, for O. R. & N.; also representatives present from the Burlington, Milwaukee, Northwestern and Canadian Pacific; also agents of various express companies and refrigerator car lines.

Merchants Session

"Alaskan Market and Its Requirements."—J. B. Powell, Seattle.

"Experience in Reaching Oriental Markets, and the Kind of Fruit Which Has Carried Well."—W. B. Glafke, Portland.

"Relation of the Grower, Commission Merchant or Dealer."—Harry B. Eckert, Detroit.

"Fruit Desired by the Cannery, Condition, How Shipped and Prices."—E. F. Baxter, Seattle.

Growers' Session

"Past Year's Experience With the Codlin Moth."—Rev. F. Walden, Seattle.

"Packing."—A. J. Linville, Wenatchee.

"The Land of Better Fruits"—Hon. E. L. Smith, Hood River.

"Growing and Shipping Raspberries and Blackberries."—C. J. Stewart, Monroe.

"British Columbia Regulations Governing Fruit Shipments."—J. A. Anderson, Victoria.

"Experience with the Dust Spray."—E. Remy, North Yakima, and O. C. White, Olympia.

Addresses by representatives of the state college, schools of science and experiment stations.

"Publicity Essential," by representatives of the press.

Lieutenant General Voted Out

Washington, Jan. 12.—In the course of the debate in the house in committee of the whole on the army appropriation bill, Mr. Hull, of Iowa, chairman of the military affairs committee, moved to insert the following: "Provided that when the office of lieutenant general shall become vacant it shall not thereafter be filled, but said office shall cease and terimnate. Provided further, that nothing in this provision shall affect the retired list." The provision was adopted without debate.

Statter to Be Assistant Secretary

Washington, Jan. 12.—Secretary Shaw favors the appointment of A. F. Statter, of Walla Walla, as asisstant secretary of the treasury, to succeed Charles H. Keep, who will retire on February 1. It is said that the president has promised to make the appointment. If appointed, however, Mr. Statter will hold office only a month, as it is expected that when Mr. Cortelyou becomes head of the treasury department Frank H. Hitchcock will be appointed to the place of assistant secretary.

Eskimo School Expenses

Washington, Jan. 14.—Delegate Waskey will try to have included in the Indian appropriation bill an amendment providing for certain expenses of Alaska Esquimaux in attending school at Carlisle, Chewawa or any of the large Indian institutions.

Peculiar to Itself

In selection, proportion and combination of ingredients,

In the process by which their remedial values are extracted and preserved,

In effectiveness, usefulness and economy,

Curing the widest range of diseases,

Doing the most good for the money,

Having the most medicinal merit,

And the greatest record of cures,—

Hood's Sarsaparilla

In usual liquid form or in chocolated tablets known as **Sarsatabs.** 100 doses $1.

FREE SAMPLE

20

MULE-TEAM BORAX

With 32-page illustrated booklet, giving 1,000 uses for Borax in the Home. Farm and Dairy and a **Souvenir Picture,** 7x14 in., 10 colors free for 5c and your dealer's name. Address Pacific Coast Borax Co., Oakland, Cal.

My boy, there are two classes in society, the class that lifts and the class that leans. They that lift are the ones who do the world's work. The leaning class are they who depend upon the exertion of others and do the grunting and fault-finding and complaining. My boy, be a lifter and you will have little time to fuss about the failings of others. It's the fellow in the lodge that shirks his duty who makes the most trouble and it is the same in the church and in society in general.

Thoroughly Reliable.

If ever there was a reliable and safe remedy it is that old and famous porous plaster—Allcock's. It has been in use for sixty years, and is as popular today as ever, and we doubt if there is a civilized community on the face of the globe where this wonderful pain reliever can not be found. In the selection of the ingredients and in their manufacture the greatest care is taken to keep each plaster up to the highest standard of excellence, and so pure and simple are the ingredients that even a child can use them.

Allcock's are the original and genuine porous plasters and are sold by Druggists in every part of the civilized world.

Marshmallow Frosting.

Buy enough marshmallow candy to cover the top of the cake when set closely together. Have a boiled icing ready and pour over the candy. As the icing cools it will hold the marshmallows together. Before the candles are laid over the cake they must be set in the oven to heat and swell.

Deafness Cannot Be Cured

by local applications as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure deafness, and that is by constitutional remedies. Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian Tube. When this tube is inflamed you have a rumbling sound or imperfect hearing, and when it is entirely closed, Deafness is the result, and unless the inflammation can be taken out and this tube restored to its normal condition, hearing will be destroyed forever; nine cases out of ten are caused by Catarrh, which is nothing but an inflamed condition of the mucous surfaces.

We will give One Hundred Dollars for any case of Deafness (caused by catarrh) that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. Send for circulars, free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.

Sold by Druggists, 75c.

Hall's Family Pills are the best.

Wheat Griddle Cakes.

Sift a quart of flour and a teaspoonful of salt together and moisten with a quart of milk. Add a half yeast cake dissolved in warm water and beat for three minutes. Set in a warm place to rise over night. In the morning add a tablespoonful of molasses rubbed to a cream with a tablespoonful of melted butter and whip in two well-beaten eggs. If the batter is too thin before adding the eggs stir in a little more flour.

All the world's a stage—but the majority of us sit in the gallery and throw things at the performers.—Kansas City World.

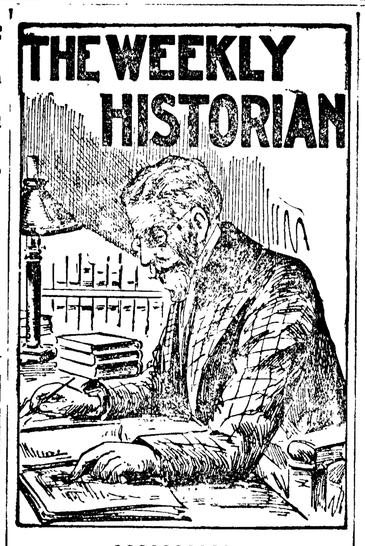
For that Dandruff

There is one thing that will cure it—Ayer's Hair Vigor. It is a regular scalp-medicine. It quickly destroys the germs which cause this disease. The unhealthy scalp becomes healthy. The dandruff disappears, had to disappear. A healthy scalp means a great deal to you—healthy hair, no dandruff, no pimples, no eruptions.

The best kind of a testimonial—"Sold for over sixty years."

Made by J. C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass. Also manufacturers of

Ayer's SARSAPARILLA. PILLS. CHERRY PECTORAL.



1806—Adelphia theater, London, opened.

1825—Nicholas I. succeeded to the throne of Russia.

1836—London university instituted.

1838—Mexico declared war against France.

1841—Colossal statue of Washington placed in the national capitol.

1844—Queen Alexandra of England born.

1855—Great meeting in London in aid of Florence Nightingale hospital fund.

1858—Joint French and Spanish expedition to Cochin China announced.

1861—Jefferson Davis elected President of the Confederate States of America....Gen. McClellan directed the observance of the Sabbath in all the camps of the U. S. army.

1862—Battle of Crane Hill, Ark.

1863—Confederates made heroic attempt to carry Knoxville by storm.

1864—Gen. Hood attacked the Union troops under Gen. Schofield at Franklin, Tenn.

1865—Habeas corpus act restored in the Northern States.

1870—First London school board established.

1871—Jem Mace and Joe Coburn engaged in prize fight near New Orleans without decisive result.

1889—Minneapolis Tribune building burned, with loss of several lives.... Fire in Boston destroyed $4,000,000 in property.

1891—Edmund De Leon, ex-United States consul general in Egypt, died ....Lunatic attempted to assassinate Rev. Dr. John Hall in New York.

1892—Loubet ministry in France resigned on the Panama scandal issue.

1897—Austrian ministry resigned owing to disorders in the Reichsrath.

1898—Steamer Portland, from Boston to Portland, Me., foundered in a gale off Capt Cod, with a loss of 118 lives...Battleship Wisconsin launched at San Francisco.

1899—Harpers' publishing house, New York, failed.

1900—German government intimated to Mr. Kruger that visit to Berlin would be inopportune.

1901—Many persons killed in wreck on Wabash railroad.

1902—United States Supreme Court denied a petition for an injunction against the State board of canvassers of Virginia on behalf of negroes disfranchised by the new State constitution.

1904—Japanese made general attack on Russian forts at Port Arthur.... The Japanese captured 203-Metre Hill at Port Arthur.

SCHOOLS AND COLLEGES

Gov. Proctor of Vermont has signed the bill providing for the consolidation of the school systems of neighboring towns under one superintendent.

Registration statistics of leading eastern universities are as follows: Harvard, 5,272; Columbia, 4,965; Pennsylvania, 3,960; Cornell, 3,461; Yale, 3,210; Princeton, 1,384.

The anual report of the London county council shows that the city schools have been maintained at an outlay of $25,000,000, and that there are 20,000 teachers for an average school attendance of 669,167. The salaries for head teachers range from $700 to $2,000, and for assistants from $325 to $875. Each teacher has charge of forty-three children on an average.

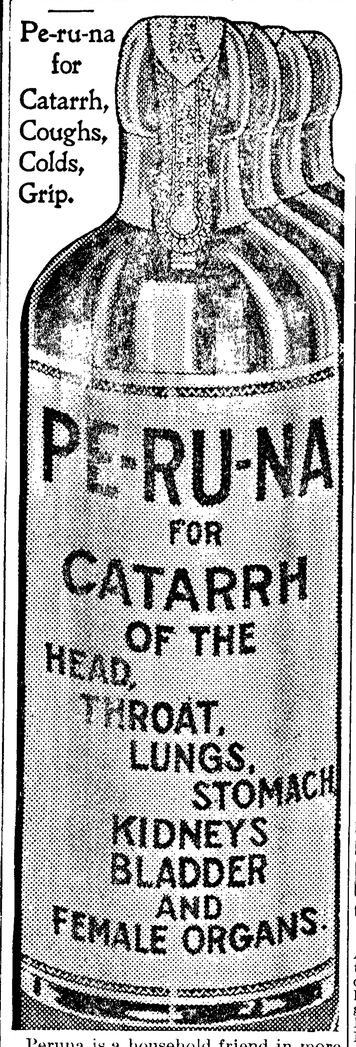
By a decision of the Supreme Court of the State of Washington legal authority upholds the efforts of school officials to check the abuse of secret fraternities and societies in public high schools. A local board had forbidden pupils to join a secret fraternity, and as a penalty for disobedience denied to offenders certain privileges in the social life of the school, but did not limit in any way the essential educational rights. Action was brought in behalf of the fraternity to restrain the school board from depriving the pupils of these privileges. The trial court denied the application for an injunction, and the Supreme Court sustained the denial. The court says that the evidence "overwhelmingly establishes the fact that such fraternities do have a marked influence on the school, tending to destroy good order, discipline and scholarship. This being true, the board is authorized, and it is its duty, to take such reasonable and appropriate action by the adoption of rules as will result in preventing these influences."

The St. Paul board of education has approved the suggestion of Supt. Heeter in favor of corporal punishment, to be administered only by the principal of the school after permission in writing has been obtained from parents or guardian.

The first ten years since Princeton college became Princeton university have just ended and the report shows that the endowment has increased from $1,077,871 to $3,284,000. The campus area has increased from 225 to 538 acres, and the student body has grown from 1,045 to 1,384, while the faculty has increased from 82 to 166.

HOUSEHOLD FRIEND.

Pe-ru-na for Catarrh, Coughs, Colds, Grip.



Peruna is a household friend in more than a million homes. This number is increasing every day. Peruna has become a household word all over the English speaking world. It is an old tried remedy for all catarrhal diseases of the head, throat, lungs, stomach, kidneys, bladder and female organs.

Ask Your Druggist for Free Peruna Almanac for 1907

"Fonetics" Cause a "Fire."

"What has become of Hank?" inquired the man who was selling windmills.

"Hank?" drawled the old farmer. "Why, Hank is suffering from a bad spell."

"You don't say. Rheumatism?"

"Worse than that, neighbor. You see, Hank tried to spell his words the way President Roosevelt dictated, an' his boss thought he couldn't spell at all an' fired him."—Boston Post.

TERRIBLE TO RECALL.

Five Weeks In Bed With Intensely Painful Kidney Trouble.

Mrs. Mary Wagner, of 1367 Kossuth Ave., Bridgeport, Conn., says: "I was so weakened and generally run down with kidney disease that for a long time I could not do my work and was five weeks in bed. There was continual bearing down pain, terrible backaches, headaches and at times dizzy spells when everything was a blur before me. The passages of the kidney secretions were irregular and painful, and there was considerable sediment and odor. I don't know what I would have done but for Doan's Kidney Pills. I could see an improvement from the first box, and five boxes brought a final cure."

Sold by all dealers. 50 cents a box. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

PILES CURFD IN 6 TO 14 DAYS

PAZO OINTMENT is guaranteed to cure any case of itching, blind, bleeding or protruding piles in 6 to 14 days or money refunded. 50c.

Canned Lima Beans.

Shell the beans, cook for fifteen minutes in slightly salted boiling water, take from the pot with a perforated spoon and pack them in jars standing in an outer vessel of boiling water. Boil up the liquor in the kettle, skim it and pour it, still boiling, into the jars, filling these to overflowing and sealing immediately.

Mothers will find Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup the best remedy to use for their children during the teething period.

An Alaska woman announces that she will find the north pole, which prompts the impertinent pert paragrapher of the Washington Post to say that she will look under the bed for it.

FITS St. Vitus' Dance and all Nervous Diseases permanently cured by Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. Send for FREE $2 trial bottle and treatise. Dr. R. H. Kline, Ld., 931 Arch St., Phila., Pa.

Oyster Bouillon.

Cook a quart of oysters in their own juice for half an hour, closely covered. Drain and chop the oysters fine, putting them back into the liquor. Add three pints of water, cook half an hour longer, and strain through cheesecloth. Season and serve with whipped cream on top like clam bouillon.

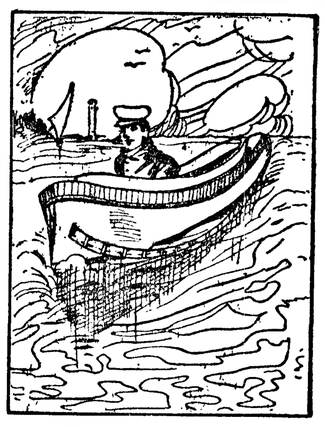
Canned Pumpkin.

Peel and cut the pumpkins into bits, put it over the fire and stew as for pie. When very soft strain through a colander, return to the fire, boil up hard and pour it into heated cans, filling each to overflowing with the liquid. Stand upside down in a cool, dark place.

DRIVEN BY PADDLE CHAINS.

New Method of Propelling Motor Boats and Ships.

Instead of employing the conventional screw propeller or the paddle wheel on motor boats, an inventor of Hayti has evolved an entirely new principle. His unique invention is shown in the illustration below. Passing around the



PROPELLED BY CHAINS.

hull of the boat from the bow to the stern are two endless chains. On these chains are a number of propelling blades. The chains pass in and out of openings in the hull fore and aft, and are guided by sprocket wheels by which the chains are propelled. The chains on opposite sides of the craft are driven independently from the engine. In order to turn quickly, one chain can be driven forward and the other toward the stern. When moving forward or backward both chains are driven in the same direction.

Shake Into Your Shoes

Allen's Foot-Ease. A powder. It makes tight or new shoes feel easy. It is a certain cure for sweating, callous and hot, tired, aching feet. Sold by all Druggists. Price 25c. Trial package mailed FREE. Address Allen S. Olmsted, LeRoy, New York.

Plans for the proposed giant battle ship have been submitted to the secretary of the navy by constructors who have availed themselves of the opportunity to compete for the floating fortress. Very little is known of any plans for the gigantic ship, which, it is assumed, will have a displacement of at least 20,000 tons. All plans are to be submitted to Congress, which is to pass on the navy department's action. Indefiniteness marked every part of the appropriation bill relating to the new warship, which is described by the bill as "a first-class battle ship, carrying as heavy armor and as powerful armament as any known vessel of its class, to have the highest practicable speed and greatest practicable radius of action and to cost, exclusive of armament and armor, not exceeding $6,000,000."

-:—:-

It seems strange, and not altogether pleasing, that the United States government, as represented in the Navy Department, should be obliged to go into the show business to encourage enlistments. The latest and most successful scheme is the moving-picture machine which shows the life of the bluejacket on shipboard, and some of it on land. The advertising value of the plan lies in the readiness and completeness by which it enables the recruiting officers to give applicants or possible applicants an accurate idea of their duties and pleasures. It is especially efficacious in the West, where less is known about life at sea. A recruiting party in Nebraska lately displayed the moving pictures to a crowd of fifteen thousand people.

Mrs. Eddy would confer a favor by letting the world know whether she still favors it with her presence.—Philadelphia Ledger.

CASTORIA

The Kind You Have Always Bought has borne the signature of Chas. H. Fletcher, and has been made under his personal supervision for over 30 years. Allow no one to deceive you in this. Counterfeits, Imitations and "Just-as-good" are but Experiments, and endanger the health of Children—Experience against Experiment.

What is CASTORIA

Castoria is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It is Pleasant. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. Its age is its guarantee. It destroys Worms and allays Feverishness. It cures Diarrhœa and Wind Colic. It relieves Teething Troubles, cures Constipation and Flatulency. It assimilates the Food, regulates the Stomach and Bowels, giving healthy and natural sleep. The Children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of

Chas. H. Fletcher.

In Use For Over 30 Years.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 MURRAY STREET, NEW YORK CITY.

Bulgaria has 3,800 centenarians, about one to every 1,000 inhabitants. Rumania has 1,084 and Servia 573. Students of longevity records in Europe are asking why the countries least advanced in hygienic standards lead thus in the tables of the centenarians. The United States, with a population then of more than 76,000,000, had by the census of 1900 more than 3,500 centenarians, making about one-twentieth of the ratio shown in Bulgaria. No answer has ever been given in the case of an individual centenarian which would stand the tests of the 100-year class in general. One person will say abstinence kept him strong, another that moderate drinking helped him. Tobacco will have been abjured on this hand, the pipe have been a comforter on that. Sometimes to a life of hard work or again to preservative days of leisure will the credit be given.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY

Take LAXATIVE BROMO QUININE Tablets. Druggists refund money if it fails to cure. E. W. GROVE'S signature is on each box. 25c.

A Chicago woman claims that her husband has her hypnotized. If she can show that he makes her think she never ought to ask him to match anything at the dry goods stores it will have to be admitted that he exercises a curious spell over her.

A New Mexico editor fractured his jaw yelling at the office boy. The office boy escaped without injury, as usual.

Pork Cake.

Chop a pound of fat salt pork so small that it is like powdered suet, scald it with a half pint of boiling water, add a pound of dark-brown sugar, a cup of New Orleans molasses, a pound each of raisins and dates chopped and a quarter-pound of minced citron. Stir in enough sifted flour to make it of the consistency of cake batter and add a teaspoonful each of powdered nutmeg, cloves, allspice and cinnamon. Bake in a loaf tin in a steady oven until a straw comes out clean from the center of the loaf.

Breakfast Relish.

Slice cold roast beef thin. Make a gravy of three tablespoons of butter, one tablespoon of walnut or tomato catsup, one tablespoon of vinegar, one teaspoon of currant jelly, one teaspoon of made mustard. Put meat and all in a saucepan, cover and set in a kettle of boiling water. Steam one-half hour.

Damson Jam.

Stone the damsons, then weigh them. Allow a half pound of sugar for each pound of fruit. Put the damsons in a preserving kettle and stew slowly for twenty minutes before putting in the sugar. When this has been added stew about an hour more, or until thick, then put into jars.

The raw material for breakfast food is cheap enough. It is the predigesting process, you understand, that makes the finished article cost so much.

IF YOU WANT WHAT YOU WANT WHEN YOU WANT IT ALWAYS KEEP A BOTTLE OF

ST. JACOBS OIL

IN THE HOUSE AND YOU WILL HAVE A QUICK, SAFE AND SURE REMEDY FOR PAIN WHERE YOU CAN GET AT IT WHEN NEEDED.

PRICE 25c AND 50c

CATARRH BLOOD DISEASED AND SYSTEM DISORDERED

Catarrh is not merely an inflammation of the tissues of the head and throat, as the symptoms of ringing noises in the ears, mucous dropping back into the throat, continual hawking and spitting, etc., would seem to indicate; it is a blood disease in which the entire circulation and the greater part of the system are involved. Catarrh is due to the presence of an excess of uric acid in the blood. The Liver, Kidneys and Bowels frequently become torpid and dull in their action and instead of carrying off the refuse and waste of the body, leave it to sour and form uric acid in the system. This is taken up by the blood and through its circulation distributed to all parts of the system. These impurities in the blood irritate and inflame the different membranes and tissues of the body, and the contracting of a cold will start the secretions and other disgusting and disagreeable symptoms of Catarrh. As the blood goes to all parts of the body the catarrhal poison affects all parts of the system. The head has a tight, full feeling, nose continually stopped up, pains above the eyes, slight fever comes and goes, the stomach is upset and the entire system disordered and affected by this disease. It is a waste of time to try to cure Catarrh with sprays, washes, inhalations, etc. Such treatment does not reach the blood, and can, therefore, do nothing more than temporarily relieve the discomfort of the trouble. To cure Catarrh permanently the blood must be thoroughly purified and the system cleansed of all poisons, and at the same time strengthened and built up. Nothing equals S. S. S. for this purpose. It attacks the disease at its head, goes down to the very bottom of the trouble and makes a complete and lasting cure. S. S. S. removes every particle of the catarrhal poison from the blood, making this vital stream pure, fresh and healthy. Then the inflamed membranes begin to heal, the head is loosened and cleared, the hawking and spitting cease, every symptom disappears, the constitution is built up and vigorous health restored. S. S. S. also tones up the stomach and digestion and acts as a fine tonic to the entire system. If you are suffering with Catarrh begin the use of S. S. S. and write us a statement of your case and our physicians will send you literature about Catarrh, and give you special medical advice without charge. S. S. S. is for sale at all first class drug stores.

I had Catarrh for about fifteen years, and no man could have been worse. I tried everything I could hear of, but no good resulted. I then began S. S. S., and could see a little improvement from the first bottle, and after taking it a short while was cured. This was six years ago, and I am as well today as any man. I think Catarrh is a blood disease, and know there is nothing on earth better for the blood than S. S. S. Nobody thinks more of S. S. S. than I do. M. MATSON, Lapeer, Mich.

S.S.S.

PURELY VEGETABLE

THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., ATLANTA, GA.

Gas Mantles Only Ashes.

The gas mantle is nothing but ashes, and it is wonderful how science makes its particles cling together as long as they do.

The gas mantle was invented by a chemist of Vienna. He noticed the intense light given out by a small quantity of thorium thrown into a stove in his laboratory. He realized the importance of the discovery, and in 1880 began a series of experiments to utilize this remarkable quality of the element in intensifying light. He found that pure thorium would not cohere well enough to be of use, and he then began searching for a combination of elements that would answer.

In 1887 he produced his first mantles, but they were so delicate that they could not be transported and were delivered by hand. A boy was trusted to carry two, one in each hand, for delivery about the streets of Vienna. In the early 90's he found that a good mantle could be made from a combination of the two substances, thorium oxide and cerium oxide, and that a coating of collodion would give a sufficient firmness to allow it to be transported. Since then gas mantles have gone into general use in nearly all parts of the world and thousands of factories are producing them.

Lieutenant Peary says that living in the Arctic Circle is not as perilous as living in New York City. Then it certainly is not as perilous as living in Pittsburg.

S. N. U. No. 4—1907

WHEN writing to advertisers please mention this paper.

PUTNAM FADELESS DYES

color more goods brighter and faster colors than any other dye.—One 10c package colors Silk, Wool and Cotton equally well and is guaranteed to give perfect results. Ask dealer or we will send post paid at 10c a package. Write for free booklet how to dye, bleach and mix colors.

MONROE DRUG CO., Unionville, Missouri.

ADVERTISING THE KEY TO SUCCESS

Both Goods and Prices Should Have Greatest Possible Publicity.

"But a few years since, advertising was in its infancy; today it is a giant force, one of the most potent factors in the business world. And the end is not yet" says the Retail Merchants Journal.

"Dealers in small cities and towns are fast learning that to combat the mail order evil and solve the question of trading at home, they must let their customers know they can furnish goods of equal or better quality at the same prices. The retail dealer has the advantage of the freight or postage that buyers from mail order houses must pay on small orders in his favor, and he can meet competition on the same class of goods. Mail order houses are up and doing, and it behooves the home merchant to employ all his wits to defeat them. Manufacturers of high grade goods, too, are finding that their sales are decreasing, through the lack of hustle by the retailer who should be their distributor, and magazine and periodical pages are filled with their advertisements offering to sell direct to the consumer. The retail merchant has the weapon in his own hands and nothing remains but to use it. He must advertise judiciously, persistently and consistently. He must make his advertising fit his store and his store fit his advertising. He must spend money to make money, and when once he has learned the great lesson he guides himself and his business out of the old rut into the paved road of up to date methods.

Be specific in your advertising. Advertise the article you wish to sell. Tell all about it. Merchants are apt to overlook the fact that the public does not know about the goods what you know. Think what would induce you to buy it. Put yourself in the customer's place. Everything you handle can be described so that it will seem to a customer to be an especially good article. Quoting from a mail order catalogue, I will describe a scrub brush which they sell for 9 cents:

"White Tampico Scrub Brushes. Finest Mexican Tampico used in these brushes. Will wear down to the block without tufts coming out. Double pointed blocks." Quite a talk to devote to a 9-cent scrub brush, but it sells them, and that is what you want to do, so don't be afraid to tell all about the goods you advertise.

"Your customers are at times compelled to spend a few minutes in your store waiting to have their wants given attention. Have you prepared your store to make their spare time which they employ in looking around, profitable to you? Goods tastefully displayed and marked with neat price cards, will make sales for you. Try it.

"Illustrate your advertising. Good cuts cost little and add greatly to the value of the ad."

The Northern Pacific railroad has made plans for the expenditure of over $12,000,000 for new cars and locomotives this year. Last year $8,700,000 worth were contracted for, although all have not yet been delivered. The orders for new rolling stock are to be filled by July 1, 1907 and include 165 new locomotives, 6,700 freight cars and 110 passenger cars. The orders for 1906 were 191 locomotives, of which 156 have been delivered so far, 6,200 freight cars and 70 passenger cars.

Rev. Carlisle P. B. Martin. L. L. D.

Of Waverly, Texas, writes: "Of a morning, when first arising, I often find a troublesome collection of phlegm which produces a cough and is very hard to dislodge; but a small quantity of Ballard's Horehound Syrup will at once dislodge it, and the trouble is over. I know of no medicine that is equal to it, and it is so pleasant to take. I can most cordially recommend it to all persons needing a medicine for throat or lung trouble **Sold at Mathewson's Drug Store.**

Proceedings Board of Commissioners

From page 4.

Treasurer's office—1st deputy, $85.00 per month. Second deputy, 80.00 per month. Third deputy, 70.00 per month.

Auditor's office—1st deputy, $85.00 per month. Second deputy, 80.00 per month.

Sheriff's office—deputies $3.00 per day when needed.

Clerk's office—deputies $2.50 per day when needed.

The Board instructed the Auditor not to draw warrants hereafter until ten days have expired after allowing the claims for said warrants, as required by law.

The Board allowed the following claims and ordered warrants drawn for same on the current expense fund.

W. J. Ware, transit, etc., for surveyor's office	$153 75
Ray L. Haynes, repairs for Westphal Co. Home	4 25
Dell Church, lamps for court house	1 50

The Board adjourned to meet Tuesday the 15th day of January, 1907, at 9:00 a. m.

Tuesday the 15th day of January, 1907, at 9:00 a. m.

The Board met pursuant to adjournment; present, Commissioners Lauridsen and Erickson and Auditor Hawkins.

The county attorney having passed on the legality of the bonds of A. R. Pringle, county treasurer; D.E. McGillivary, coroner, and Dr. T. J. Appleton, Jr., county health officer, and the bonds of the Citizens National Bank and the and the Bank of Clallam County to A.R. Pringle, county treasurer, the Board approved said bonds.

The Board declared the office of Thos. Penniman, Justice of the Peace for Port Angeles precinct, vacant, and appointed C. W. Fields to fill the vacancy.

The Board selected the following Jury list for the ensuing term:

Emanuel Almaden,	E. P. Jones
Jas. Burrows,	Herbert Dempsey,
J. F. Delaney,	Severn Johnson
Anton Erickson,	Peter Johnson,
C. O. Fritz,	Chas. Agnew,
John Lindberg,	J. L. Aldwell,
Bartolo Reyes	D. S. Allen,
Geo. Sofia,	W. H. Allen,
Elmer Alexander	Harvey Anderson,
Robert Beduhn,	A. J. Andresen,
W. T. Bowman,	C. L. Babcock,
Jos. Cassalery,	Orin Babcock,
Kelly Cassalery	Herbert Baker,
Chas. Cays,	J. R. Baskins,
Arthur Cays,	F. R. Beahan,
A. B. Cameron,	W. T. Belford,
Thos. Clark,	Chas. Bennett,
Henry Cline,	Geo. W. Bird,
F. G. Cydell,	August Blin,
Felix Darnell,	John Bowers,
James Dick,	C. A. Bork,
Albert Dyke,	Byron B. Bowman,
J. E. Ellis	J. E. Brolock,
A. A. Evans,	E. D. Short,
Geo. F. Graham,	W. C. Broughton,
Fred Harned,	DeWitt Burns,
Harry Heath,	T. H. Carter,
A. W. Horne,	Thos. Caven,
F. E. Knight,	Ed. Christopherson,
Thos. Knoph,	James Clark,
Ray L. Haynes,	Alexander Harris,
C. I. Haswell,	Henry Holzman,
Otis Irons,	Albert Kale,
Chas. Larson,	H. H. La Flower,
F. Lehman,	W. G. Martin,
Frank Madison,	Roy Madison,
A. H. Mathews,	H. C. Miller,
D. W. Morse,	L. G. McBurney,
C. H. McGill,	H. P. McNutt,
Arnt Nelson,	Jas. Palmer,
T. A. Pinyerd,	R. D. Sanborn,
H. N. Shelpman,	A. W. Smith,
Geo. Woodruff,	W. G. Young,
James Clark,	K. K. Teig,
O. A. Wentworth,	
Samuel Lawrence	Geo. Lotzgesell
Joe McKissick	M. O'Leary
J. W. Pettett	C. W. Thompson
H. M. Towne	L. H. Tripp
Richard Ward	Mark Gibson
David Duncan	J. F. Edgington
E. J, Fisher	W. W. Garlick
J. M. Grant	Walter Grant
George Hamilton	J. E. Hooker
F. C. Howell	J. H. Jones
Ernest Kehr	John B. Knapman
Thos, Lawrenson	C. D, Gates
Frank Anderson	Chas. Kerr
Guss Roll	L. E. Cole
J. P. Collins	Geo. Cowan
Julius Danz	Emil Dermul
W. M. Dorr	W. R. Dodge
Dell Drumb	W. S. Eacrett
E. D. Eliott	Martin Ester
Wm. Everett	H. M. Fisher
E. H. Finch	Jas. Fitzgerald
Felix Filion	Wm. Fowler
J. F. Frank	C. E. Fulmer
Chas. Gallagher	J. M. Gardner
W. W. Garvin	E. H. Gehrke
Ernest Gitchell	Harry Coventon
Thos Lauridsen	E H. Isbell
F W. Parker	John Donaldson
Martin Bishop	O. J. Ford
J. R. Smith	J. S. Anderson
Peter Nelson	Stanl Gaydeski
Joseph Hamilton	J. C Douglas
Charles Welker	James Keltner
Geo. W. O'Brien	J. A. Rainey
H A. Poole	Geo Lamb
Tom Fisher	Geo. Talbot
John Caywood	Tom Birkestol
Owen Mulholland	U. S McNally
Joseph Wheeler	Albert Loveless
W. S. Caldwell	Jos. Hottowe

The Board adopted the following resolution:

Whereas, By reason of the fact that the county is sparsely populated, and that many of the electors are transient men, and neither householders or freeholders; That many are exempt because over the age of 60 years, or following the professions, or teaching in public schools, or belonging to fire departments, or holding civil offices, or having served twice as jurors within two years, it is impracticable to select more than 169 jurors known to be competent, Therefore, Be It

Resolved, That only the 169 names heretofore drawn be selected as jurors.

The Board allowed the following Commissioners' claims:

K. O. Erickson, 1½ days salary, $6.00, mileage, $19.40	$25.40
G. M. Lauridsen, 1½ days salary,	6.00
H. J. Bugge, 1½ days salary	6.00

The Board adjourned to meet Tuesday the 5th day of February, 1907, at 9:00 a. m.

ALL THE WORLD

Is a stage, and Ballard's Snow Liniment plays a most prominent part. It has no superior for Rheumatism, stiff joints, cuts, sprains, and all pains. Buy it, try it and you will always use it. Anybody who has used Ballard's Snow Liniment is a living proof of what it does. Buy a trial bottle. 25c, 50c and $1.00. **Sold at Mathewson's Drug Store.**

Nearly every person who is subject to attacks from the stomach suffers from a morbid dread of a dietetic treatment for relief, that is three fourths starvation, and one-fourth toast and milk. On the other hand you can eat as you please and digest the food by the aid of a good digestant, thus giving the tired stomach equally as much rest. Eat what you please and take a little Kodol for Indigestion after your meals. It digests what you eat. Sold by C.E. Nailor & Co.

B.P.O.E.—Naval lodge No. 353, meets every Thursday evening at 8 o'clock, at Haning Hall on Front st., bet. Laurel and Lincoln sts. Visitors cordially invited. RAY MCLAUGHLIN, Ex. Ruler. E. D. ELIOTT, Secretary.

I.O.O.F—Clallam Lodge, No. 72, meets every Monday evening at I.O.O.F. hall. WM. W. GARVIN, N. G. C. A. BORK, Secretary

Notice of Sale of Real Estate.

Pursuant to an order of the Board of County Commissioners of Clallam County, State of Washington, duly made in regular session on the 8th day of January, 1907, and duly entered on their minutes directing the Auditor to give notice of sale in the manner prescribed by law of the following described real estate, to-wit:

Lot One (1) Block Thirty-six of Norman R. Smith's Subdivision of the Townsite of Port Angeles, in Clallam County, Washington.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that on Saturday the 16th day of February, A. D. 1907, at the hour of two o'clock in the afternoon of said date, the Sheriff of said County and State will sell the above described property.

Said sale will take place at the front door of the court house at Port Angeles, in said County and State, and will be at public auction, for cash in hand, to the highest and best bidder.

Dated at Port Angeles, Washington, this 15th day of January, A. D. 1907.

[SEAL.] N. M. HAWKINS, Auditor, Clallam County, Wash.

First publication Jany. 18th, 1907.

TO BE

GIVEN AWAY

AT THE

TIMES CLOTHING MART

We are Saving $45 a month on reduced rent.

We Give it Away in TALKING MACHINES with $25 purchases

You ask for ticket with each purchase you make. Save them and bring them to the Times Clothiug Mart.

You get your machine free. You pay 25c for each record.

N. B. Give your name when you make a purchase as the machlne is given to individual purchasers.

My competitors say we put it on the goods. I say No! We give it out of the $45 we save and the goods are sold at lower prices.

Don't you think from what you know of R. A. Muskett he would sooner give to the public than to a landlord for unfair high rent.

Come in at your leisure and hear the music. We are always pleased to see our friends. Come right along and see for yourself.

R. A. Muskett.

SUMMONS.

"In the Superior Court of the State of Washington, for Clallam County.

J. A. Ellingson, Plaintiff,

vs.

Amelia Ellingson, Defendant.

The State of Washington to the said Amelia Ellingson, Defendant. You are hereby summoned to appear within sixty days after the first publication of this summons to wit: within sixty days after the 12th day of January 1907, and defend the above entitled action in the above entitled court and answer the complaint of the plaintiff, and serve a copy of your answer upon the undersigned attorneys at their office below stated; and in case of your failure so to do, judgment will be rendered against you according to the demand of the complaint, a copy of which has been filed with the Clerk of the above mentioned Court.

The above action is brought to obtain a decree of divorce dissolving the bonds of matrimony existing between the above mentioned plaintiff and defendant on the grounds of incompatibility of temper.

Gilliam & Gilliam,
Attorneys for plaintiff,
311 Peoples Saving Bank Bldg., Seattle, Washington.

Discontent is the peg in your shoe that hurts.

NOTICE OF SALE OF REAL ESTATE BY THE TREASURER OF CLALLAM COUNTY

State of Washington, County of Clallam. } s. s.

Notice is hereby given, that under and by virtue of an order of the Board of County Commissioners of Clallam County, State of Washington, made pursuant to the Laws of the State, and dated December 10th, 1906, I shall, on the 6th day of February, 1907, at the hour of 10 A. M., at the front door of the County Court House, situated in the City of Port Angeles, said County and State, sell the hereinafter described Lands and Lots acquired by said County at Tax Sale for delinquent taxes to the highest and best bidder for cash, Gold Coin of the United States of America, to wit:

DESCRIPTION.

Central Addition to the Townsite of Port Angeles.
Lots 3 and 4 block 2
" 3 to 12 block 3
" 1 to 5 and 7 to 12 inc. block 4
All of blocks 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, and 20 (12 lots each.)

Electric Addition to the Townsite of Port Angeles.
Lots 22 and 23, 32, 33 and 34 block 1
" 1 to 11 inc. and 18 to 34 block 2

Ferrys Park Addition to the Townsite of Port Angeles.
Lots 11 to 44 inc. block 3
" 1 to 44 inc. all, block 4
" 1 to 44 inc. all, block 5
" 1 to 44 inc. all, block 6
" 1 to 6 inc. 23 and 29 to 44 inc, block 7

Forsland's Suburban Home Addition to Port Angeles.
Lots 1, 3, 5, 6 and 7 (5 acres each)

Williams' Subdivision of Tracts 15 and 16 Croft's Addition to the Townsite of Port Angeles.
Lot 15 block 1

Findley's Addition to Port Crescent.
Lots 1 to 40 inc. all, block 1
" 1 to 40 inc. all, block 2
" 1 to 40 inc. all, block 3
" 1 to 40 inc. all, block 4
" 1 to 40 inc. all, block 5
" 1 to 40 inc. all, block 6.

Geo. H. Gale's 2nd Addition to Port Angeles.
Lots 1, 2, 7, 11 and 12 block 3
" 11 and 12 block 4

Grant's Addition to Port Angeles.
Lots 9, 10 and 19 block 25
Lot 7 block 28

Gay & Bickford's 1st Addition to Port Angeles.
Lots 3 to 14 inc. block 1
" 1, 2, 5, 6, 8, 9, 14, 15 and 16 block 2
" 3 to 8 inc. block 3
" 10, 11, 12, 15, 16 and 21 to 26 inc. and 30 block 4
Lots 13 to 18 inc. and 20 to 32 inc. block 5
" 1 to 32 inc. all, block 6
" 5 to 32 inc. block 7
" 2, 3, and 4 and 10 to 32 inc. block 8
" 7 to 11 inc. and 17 to 27 inc. block 11.
Lots 1 to 5 inc. and 19 to 32 inc. block 12
" 1 to 18 inc. and 27 to 30 inc. block 13
" 1, 4 and 8 to 16 inc. and 22 to 28 inc. and 31 and 32 in block 14
" 1 to 16 inc. all, block 16
" 1 to 16 inc. all, block 17
" 3, 4, 7, 8, 13, 15 and 16 block 18

Goddyn's Addition to Port Angeles.
Lots 4, 8, 9, 11, 17 and 20 block 1

Gladstone's Addition to Port Angeles.
Lots 1 to 42 inc. all, block 1
" 1 to 42 inc. all, block 3

Harbor Addition to Port Angeles.
Lots 3 to 10 inc. block 1
All of blocks 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17 and 18 (all 10 lots each.)
Lots 6 to 10 inc. block 19
All of blocks 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29 and 30 (10 lots each.)

Keliher's Addition to Port Angeles.
Lots 2, 3, 6, 7, 10 and 11 block 2
" lots 2 and 3 block 4
" 1 to 12 inc. all, block 5
" 1 to 12 inc. all, block 6
" 2, 3 and 5 to 12 inc. block 7
" 1 to 12 inc. all, block 8
" 2, 3, 6, 7, 10 and 11 block 9
" 9, 10, 11 and 12 block 11
" 2, 3, 6, 7, 10 and 11 block 12
" 1 to 12 inc. all, block 13
" 1 to 4 inc. and 9 to 12 inc. block 14
" 1 to 8 inc. and 10 and 11 block 15
" 2, 3, 6, 7, 10 and 11 block 16
" 1 to 12 inc, all, block 17
" 1 to 12 inc. all, block 18
" 2 and 3 block 19
" 1 to 12 inc. all, block 20

Lawrence's Addition to Port Angeles.
Lots 1, 4, 5, 7 and 12 to 18 inc. 20, 21, 22, 24, 27, 28, 31, 32 and 38 to 44 inc. and 48

Louis William's Addition to Port Angeles.
Lots 1 to 30 inc. all, block 1
" 1 to 30 inc. all, block 2
" 1 to 15 inc. block 9

Leibe's Addition to Port Angeles.
Lots 11, 12, 13, 14, and 25 to 30 inc. and 34 to 43 inc. and 47 and 48 block 1
Lots 4 to 19 inc. and 20 to 24 inc. and 39 to 43 inc in block 2
Lots 1 to 10 inc. and 16 to 38 inc. block 3
" 1 to 19 inc. 23 and 25 to 43 inc. block 5
Lots 1 to 38 inc. block 6

McGill's Addition to Port Angeles
Lots 29 to 41 inc, block 2
Lot 5, block 4.
Lots 16 to 39 inc, block 6.
Lots 4, 5, 6 and 7, and 15 to 42 inc, blk 7
Lots 46 to 51 inc, block 7.

Mallette's Addition to Port Angeles
Lots 1, 3, 4, 5 and 7 to 12 inc, block 4
Lots 23 and 24, block 5
Lot 3, block 6.
Lots 18 to 24, block 7
Lots 7 and 8, block 8.
Lots 1, 2, 3, 4, 6, 7, 10, 11, 12 and 22, blk 13.
Lots 3 to 7 inc and 11 and 12, blk 14
Lots 1 to 8 inc, 11, 12, 15, 16 and 17, blk. 15.

Township 30 North, Range 3 West W.M.
Se qr ne qr, sec. 25.

Township 30 North, Range 5 West W.M
Nw qr nw qr, sec. 15.
S ½ s½ nw qr nw qr, sec 19.
Nw qr sw qr, sec 29.
E½ se qr se qr, sec. 18.
Se qr ne qr and sw qr ne qr, sec. 33
Ne qr se qr and w½ se qr se qr, sec 33.
Se qr, sec 34.
Ne qr nw qr and sw qr nw qr, sec 35.
Ne qr se qr and nw qr se qr, sec 35.

Township 30 North, Range 6 West, W.M.
1 acre in nw qr sw qr, sec 13
Und. ½ of w ½ne qr ne qr ne qr, sec 23.
5 acres in nw cor of ne qr ne qr, sec 23.
Und ½ of e½ se qr nw qr, sec 28
Und ½ of sw qr se qr nw qr, sec 28.
Und ½ of s ½ nw qr se qr nw qr, sec 28
24 acres in ne qr ne qr, sec 31.
24 acres in nw qr ne qr, sec 31.
Ne qr ne qr ne qr, sec 32.
Nw qr nw qr, sec 32.
Se qr ne qr ne qr and nw qr ne qr, sec 33
Nw qr se qr, sec 34.
Se qr se qr, sec 34.
Sw qr se qr, sec 34.
S½ ne qr se qr, sw qr, sec 34.
W½ se qr sw qr, sec 34.
Se qr se qr sw qr, sec 34.
Sw qr sw qr, sec 34.
Sw qr nw qr ne qr, sec 35.

Dated this 11th day of Jan., 1907

W. E. BURNSIDE,
Treasurer of Clallam County, Wash.

Notice and Summons by Publication.

No. 403.

Freida Jacobson plaintiff,

vs.

J. Y. C. Kellog

and all persons unknown, if any, having or claiming an interest or estate in and to the hereinafter described real property defendants.

State of Washington to J. Y. C. Kellog, who are the owners, or reputed owners, of, and all persons unknown, claiming or having an interest or estate in the hereinafter described real property.

You and each of you are hereby notified that the above named plaintiff,

Freida Jacobson

is the holder of a delinquent tax certificate No. 2158 issued by the treasurer of Clallam county, Washington, embracing the following real property situated in Clallam county, Washington, and more particularly described as follows, to-wit:

Lots ninety-seven (97) in block four (4) and lots one hundred and eleven (111) and one hundred and twenty-one (121) in block six (6) all in 1st division Kellog's plat of Clallam.

That said certificate was issued on the 27th day of December 1906, for the sum of $8.52 for the delinquent taxes for the years 1901, 1902, 1903, 1904 & 1905; which several sums bear interest at the rate of fifteen per cent per annum from said date of payment.

You and each of you are hereby summoned to appear within sixty days after the date of the first publication of this notice and summons, exclusive of the day of said first publication to-wit, within sixty days after the 25th day of January, 1907, and defend the above entitled action or pay the amount of the taxes due, together with the costs, penalties and interests; and in case of your failure so to do judgment will be rendered foreclosing said tax lien for such taxes, penalties, costs and interest against said lands and premises hereinbefore mentioned.

Freida Jacobson, plaintiff

Wm. Ritchie, attorney for plaintiff.

Post Office address Port Angeles, Clallam county, Washington.

Date of first publication January 25th 1907.

Lots for Sale Cheap

Lots 7 to 10, block 8, 1 to 5, 7 and 9 to 12, block 7, Syndicate Add., at $85 each.

Lots 1 to 19, and 22 to 30, block 8; all blk. 9; lots 8 to 10 and 15, block 16; all blk. 19, Union Pacific First add., at $5 each.

Lot 1, 7 to 9, 12, blk. 2, Syndicate Second add. Lots 11 and 12, and 35 to 50, block 7, 3 to 7, 21 to 25, 28 to 32, 39 to 46, 49, 50, blk. 2 of Subd. of Blks 28 and 29, Railway add., at $5 each.

Max Haller

Hot Water Bottles

are closely associated

with Coughs, Colds, and pains of all kinds that prevail at this time of year.

Our stock is complete in all kinds of rubber goods and we can offer you some special values as we buy direct from factory.

All goods are guaranteed,

Try our White Pine and Tar Mentholated Syrup

for that Cough. It is superior to all others.

See our windows.

C. E. NAILOR & CO.

PRESCRIPTION DRUGGISTS

Phone 41. **Mail Orders Are Solicited.**

See Baker for new heaters. *

Basket ball by the High School girls at opera house Friday evening, February 8.

Steve Raymond is down from Fairbanks for a two weeks visit with Chas. Raymond.

Mrs. Phebe Lyster, who is Mrs. Lyster Jr., will sew by the day. Address box 491.

All dress goods, furs coats, suits and hats are still on sale at Mrs. Phelps at clearing prices.

Martin Wait is building a large residence, thirty by thirty in size, on his property at 10th and Peabody.

Harry Littleton was an Angeles visitor this week, looking after the new steam launch he and others are having built for service on Lake Crescent.

You may find just a fit in our 50c line of shoes for the little ones. Great variety of styles, odds and ends of lots we want to close out. S. J. Lutz & Co.

Amateur photographers find the kind of photo goods that professional photographers use at Fulmer's Studio and one who understands using them will give instructions.

PHONES

Market 8, **Residence 162-3**

Schott Brothers

wholesale and retail dealers in

Fresh and Salt Meats

Poultry & Vegetables

Orders by Phone or the Children receive prompt attention and satisfaction is guaranteed

West Front St., Port Angeles

A Box of Fine Chocolates

is always appreciated. You can get the greatest variety, the freshest goods, and have them daintily put up at

Goldwater Bros.

Phone 3

See those Delicacies in the Quaker?

New line stock collars at Mrs. Phelps.

Great variety of glass and earthenware dishes on Baker's 5c & 10c counters. *

P. J. Gorman returned yesterday from a Seattle visit.

"Does thee like Chowder?" Come to the Quaker.

Manny Goldwater went up to Seattle this morning for a visit with his old friends there.

E. L. Lockhart is building a neat house on Eighth street, opposite the General Hospital.

Judge Penniman returned from Tacoma again this week, after having taken further treatment for his eyes, which do not seem to get better.

If your boys need a suit of clothes, there is no reason who they couldn't get a snap at the clearing sale at S.J. Lutz & Co.'s.

Mr. Peterson, who underwent a successful operation at the General Hospital some weeks since, returned to the management of the Seguin store this week.

The Women's Literary Club hold one of their social days next Friday at Mrs. LaFlower's residence, Lincoln Heights. Musical and literary program and luncheon. Everyone invited.

Our regular fall and winter stock of overcoats, latest weaves and styles, is being closed out at 25 per cent. reduction. The best coats we have, regular $20 coat, now $14.25. S. J. Lutz & Co.

A new stock of

Faultless Malleable Steel Ranges

Just received. We have them with four or six holes and with or without reservoirs.

Body and oven made of best quality cold-rolled polished steel. Frames, doors, tops, etc., of highest grade refined malleable iron. Double lined with heavy abestos and extra steel plates. The malleable iron alone costs more than entire material in many so-called "high grade" steel ranges.

Construction is air tight thruout, use of malleable iron admits of tight riveting, while other ranges are merely drawn together with bolts. Entire front one piece. Top 29 by 51 inches ground and polished. Large pouch feed. Takes 24 inch wood. Oven 13 by 22, absolutely air tight.

Reservoir heavy copper, three times capacity of other ranges. Furnished with water front, water back or water coil.

R. D. Willson Hardware Co.

NEW STONE BUILDING

Try the Quaker Pies.

Delicacies at the Quaker.

The things you like at the Quaker.

I. Filion was a Seattle visitor this week.

Heinz's Kraut 10c the pound, at The Seevers Cash Store.

100 useful kitchen utensils on Baker's 5c and 10c counters. *

Heinz's Dill Pickles 20c the dozen at The Seevers Cash Store.

New Pearl Belt Buckles, a variety of styles, 25c to $1.25. Mrs. Phelps.

Mrs. Madison and daughter returned from a Seattle visit Tuesday.

Mrs. Herman Mitchell is in Seattle caring for her sister, who is ill.

Heinz's Sour Pickles, mixed or plain, 20c the quart at The Seevers Cash Store.

Trumbull & Trumbull moved their law office to the Aldwell Block Tuesday.

Mr. and Mrs. Gates of Port Crescent returned Tuesday from a trip to Seattle.

C. D. Allen and D. W. Morse were among the returning passengers today.

Geo. Davis and C. F. Seal of Dungeness are down to attend the concert this evening.

Sewing by day, or at residence, upstairs, next to Goldwater Bros. Mrs. S. M. Lyster.

Mr. and Mrs. C.A. Cushing came down from Seattle today to enjoy the Lange concert and visit at their old home.

Special overcoat sale now on at S. J. Lutz & Co.'s. An opportune time to get a splendid coat at 25 per cent reduction.

Clyde McDonnell and Ben. Goldwater returned from an upsound pleasure trip Tuesday; they report a fine time skating on Green Lake.

F. E. Knight of Dungeness came down Thursday to attend the Mossman-Pedicord wedding, remaining to enjoy the Lange concert this evening.

Our new, reduced prices, on our absolutely pure maple syrup, is 50c the quart. 90c the ½ gallon and $1.75 the gallon. The Seevers Cash Store.

New stock of latest models in F. P. Corsets, the newest of fashion's creations, up to their usual high grade of excellence in material, workmanship and general details. At Mrs. Phelps' Dry Goods store.

Mrs. Lou E. Cole has opened lunch and delicatessen rooms in the building on Front street adjoining The Times Clothing Mart, where she will serve short order lunches and have for sale relishes for the table.

For 20 days only we have put on sale a great variety of styles and grades in Ladies and misses shoes at 50 cts. per pair. They are broken lines, odd sizes we are closing out. The cheapest of them cost us over twice the money.

S. J. Lutz & Co

Rev. Rogers of St. Andrews' visited the towns of the eastern part of the county this week, in the interest of a confirmation class. Rev. Rogers is a hard and zealous worker and will build up flourishing pastorates at both Angeles and Seguin.

County Assessor John Hickok went to Olymyia this week to attend a meeting of state assessors convened to exchange views and recommend measures for improving the assessment laws. Mr. Hickok is open to enlightenment and went with a determination to learn something from an interchange of ideas.

Judge McClinton yesterday received from his son Dr. McClinton, Tasmania, the pelt of an Ornithorhynchus, mounted as a small table mat, which he highly prizes, and which is indeed quite a curiosity. Webster describes the little animal as "A mammal of the shape and size of the otter, with a horny beak resembling that of a duck, with paws webbed and formed for swimming. The animal is covered with a brown fur, lives in burrows near the water, and is found only in Australia."

Her Eighteenth Birthday.

Miss Maude Hoare was agreeably surprised at her home on Peabody street Monday evening, the occasion being her eighteenth birthday. The evening was passed pleasantly with games and music. Miss Donahue and Miss Hoare, Mrs. Gutenberg and Mr. Hoare favored the company with songs, and Miss Elliot with a recitation and violin solo, which were well received, after which light refreshments were served. Miss Hoare received many beautiful presents. Those present were Misses Elliot, Daum, Fowler, Fitzgerald, McKechnie, LaFlower, Sullivan, Donahue, Nelson, Isabelle, Minnie and Lydia Lange, Conne and Francis Hoare; Messrs. Willson, Lyster, Tom and James Fitzgerald, Warren, Jacobs, LaFlower, VanCoolidge, Joe Hoare; Messrs. and Mesdames Gutenberg, Jr., Hoare, and Mrs. O'Brien.

Mothers who give their children Kennedy's Laxative Cough Syrup invariably indorse it. Children like it because the taste is so pleasant. Contains Honey and Tar. It is the Original Laxative Cough Syrup and is unrivaled for the relief of croup. Drives the cold out thro the bowels. Conforms to the National Pure Food and Drug Law. Sold by C. E. Nailor & Co.

E. W. MERRILL & CO.

Phone 5

The Cup that Cheers but Does not Inebriate

What is better than a delicious cup of Tea?

Formosa Oolong per lb. 70c

Bohemia Spider Leg per lb. 60c

Wawona Spider Leg per lb. 50c

Lawrence Ceylon per lb. 50c

Good Spider Leg per lb. 35c

English Breakfast per lb. 25c

Fairly Good Gunpowder per lb. 25c

SCHILLINGS TEAS

English Breakfast

Japan

Ceylon

E. W. MERRILL AND CO.

PHONE 5

DUNGENESS

A merry party of young people met at Capt. Horn's Saturday the fifth and enjoyed themselves hugely.

The Woodmen entertained at Woodmen Hall Saturday evening, 5th. Everybody reported a fine time.

Mrs. Lewis Cays has moved to Seattle.

Born, to Mr. and Mrs. Mapes, a girl.

Mrs. Knoph, who has been quite sick, is able to be out again.

Frank Lotzgesell has been very sick, but is slowly recovering.

Mrs. R. M. Blake was called to Mt. Vernon last week by the death of her mother, Mrs. Smith.

Mr. and Mrs. Ellis took their little daughter, who has been sick for several days, to Port Angeles for treatment.

Mrs. Leslie Town of Forks is visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Dave Govan.

The Royal Neighbors initiated new membere and installed officers Wednesday evening.

One of W. Hooper's children was badly scalded one day last week.

When the cold winds are and crack the skin a box of salve can save much discomfort. In buying salve look for the name on the box to avoid any imitations, and be sure you get the original DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve. Sold by C. E. Nailor & Co.

KALE

This is more like Washington winters. It has been so cold—6° above zero was lowest record—and so much snow that there hasn't been much doing. Nobody works except the mail carrier.

The sleighing has been fine, and we have taken advantage of it and once a week has found us at one of the neighbors, our feet keeping time to the tune of the fiddle. Jan. 4th it was at Harvey Anderson's, and last Saturday we taxed Mrs. Jennie Campbell's hospitality. Thursday evenings we vary proceedings with a spelling school at the school house.

Last week an incident occurred that caused us to meditate on the serious side of life. Mr. O'Brien and relatives bro't the mortal remains of his life companion to its last resting place in our quiet little cemetery.

Dance at Opera House.

Dance at opera house Saturday night, Jan. 26th, at 8:30. Music by Prof. Clayson's Band. Come and have a good time. Ladies free; Gents, 50c.

F. R. Beahan had a horse seriously injured Saturday last, the result of a runaway; leaving a well marked trail of milk cans and bottles in their wake, the team had nearly reached home when the neck yoke strap broke, and in the mix-up one horse's breast was pierced with the end of the neck yoke.

Judge Still arrived Wednesday to hold court. There was but little business on the calendar, none of special interest to the public. The Judge made a good impression and will remain over Sunday to get better acquainted with our people. The bar association held a meeting yesterday morning, adopting memorial resolutions to the late Judge Hatch.

J. M. MARTIN

Launches, Row Boats & Skiffs and Dories

manufactured to order. Engines installed in boats. Boats kept in stock for sale,

Port Angeles, Washington.

W. A. LEWIS Contractor and Builder

Satisfaction Guaranteed

Port Angeles, Washington

We still have a nice line of beautiful and servicable Japanese China, and are making very low prices for the next few days

HONG YOUNG & CO

LING TOY, Manager.

Phone 25.

We can sell you better Teas for less money than you can obtain elsewhere. A trial will convince you.

We also make a specialty of fine Rice. As we import direct, we save you the wholesale dealers profits.

Often The Kidneys Are Weakened by Over-Work.

Unhealthy Kidneys Make Impure Blood.

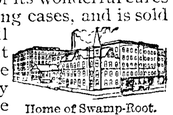
It used to be considered that only urinary and bladder troubles were to be traced to the kidneys, but now modern science proves that nearly all diseases have their beginning in the disorder of these most important organs.

The kidneys filter and purify the blood—that is their work.

Therefore, when your kidneys are weak or out of order, you can understand how quickly your entire body is affected and how every organ seems to fail to do its duty.

If you are sick or "feel badly," begin taking the great kidney remedy, Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, because as soon as your kidneys are well they will help all the other organs to health. A trial will convince anyone.

If you are sick you can make no mistake by first doctoring your kidneys. The mild and the extraordinary effect of Dr. Kilmer's **Swamp-Root,** the great kidney remedy, is soon realized. It stands the highest for its wonderful cures of the most distressing cases, and is sold on its merits by all druggists in fifty-cent and one-dollar size bottles. You may have a sample bottle by mail free, also a pamphlet telling you how to find out if you have kidney or bladder trouble. Mention this paper when writing to Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y. Don't make any mistake, but remember the name, Swamp-Root, Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, and the address, Binghamton, N. Y., on every bottle.



Home of Swamp-Root.

The annual report of the Northwestern Mutual Fire Association of Seattle, just published shows a large growth for 1906. The company now has over $18,000,000 of insurance outstanding, an increase of about four and a half millions during the year. The holders of policies for this vast amount are saving from 25 to 40 per cent. of the cost of their insurance, the percentage of saving depending on the kind of risk insured.

If you have a first class risk, place it in the Northwestern. If your risk is hazardous, don't offer it for it will be refused. The Northwestern can only effect so large a saving by carefully selecting its risks. Mr. W. H. Merrick of Port Townsend is the Northwestern agent for this district.

Pork Sausage

and Hamburg Steak

made fresh every morning, is one of our specialties. We are as careful in the selection of meat as you would be yourself.

F. E. POLLOW

where nothing but the best in meats goes.

Market next to Gray & Henderson's Phone 17.

EGGS

From Pure Bred

Black Minorcas, S. Comb Brown Leghorns, Barred Plymouth Rocks, and Light Brahmas.

Also choice Black Minorca and S. C. Brown Leghorn Cockerels for sale.

W. A. LEWIS, Port Angeles Washington.

Easy Pill

Easy to take and easy to act is that famous little pill DeWitt's Little Early Risers. This is due to the fact that they tonic the liver instead of purging it. They never gripe nor sicken, not even the most delicate lady, and yet they are so certain in results that no one who uses them is disappointed. They cure torpid liver, constipation, biliousness, jaundice, headache, malaria and ward off pneumonia and fevers.

PREPARED ONLY BY

E. C. DeWITT & CO., CHICAGO

Don't Forget the Name.

Early Risers

Sold by C. E. Nailor & Co.

FOR SALE—Young Pigs from $3.00 up. One Durham Bull Calf, 3 months old. One Durham Bull, 1 year old, full blood. One Chester White Boar, 2 years old. regestered.

Apply to L. R. THOMPSON, Elwah.

ONLY A LITTLE FELLOW.

Only a little fellow,
Pattering here and there,
A streak of dirt on his sun browned cheek,
And gold in his tousled hair.

Only a little fellow,
With laugh like a silvered song!
A small white soul in the crowded hives—
A mite in the striving throng.

Only a little fellow,
But lost to a mother's breast—
And the night wind breathes a lullaby
Out where he's laid at rest.
—Milwaukee Sentinel.

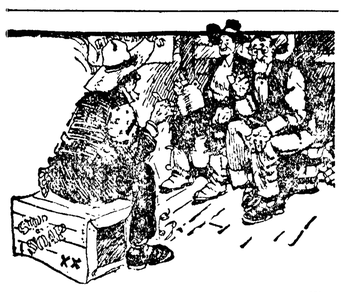
The Wooing of Sadie Calkins.

AS the shiny, rubber-tire buggy drawn by the showy little Morgan mare, skidded through the thick dust in front of the store, Marvin Parsons pushed a jocular elbow into Washington Hancock's ribs. "How does that there outfit strike you, Wash?" he asked.

"I don't erprove of it," replied Hancock, severely, leaning forward to reach for a splintered shingle that looked like good whittling material. "Fust place," he continued, pressing the spring of his jack-knife and shaking out the blade, "fust place, the gal's too good lookin' for him; second place, the seat o' that buggy is a durn sight too narrer, an', thirdly, he's havin' too doggone easy a time, anyway. Abe Wilson ought to have booted him over the fence the fust evenin' he come around to set up with the gal."

"I don't see why," observed Sol Baker. "Sam's a tol'able likely young feller an' he's got a good farm of his own, 'sides what he'll git when the ol' man passes in his checks."

"I'd do it on gin'ral principles if I had a gal an' some feller come sparkin' around," said Wash. "I wouldn't let him think he was goin' to git her too easy. I'd be more like Isrul Calkins



"TOOK IT PRETTY WELL, DIDN'T HE?"

an' Mis' Calkins was with Lafayette Cook when he took a notion o' beauin' Sadie Calkins. I look to see a Carrie Wilson comin' inter town ridin' on the hounds of a lumber wagon an totin' her own wood for the cook stove inside of a year or two. I like to see a feller sweat afore he gits the gal he wants, b'gosh."

"Most of 'em do, an' then they find out it wus some other kind they wanted," said the storekeeper feelingly.

"If Isrul Calkins booted Lafe Cook he's got more spunk 'n I give him credit fer," said Parsons. "Isrul ain't knee high to a pint er cider an' Lafe's right smart of a man."

"I didn't say he booted him," said Hancock. "I wouldn't undertake ter boot Lafe m'self—not unless I got mad enough. When I git mad enough I'll do most anythin'. No, Isrul didn't make no breaks o' that sort. Him an' Mis' Calkins was both as pleasant as a basket o' chips. It was, 'Come right in, Lafe. Set down an' make y'self to home. Sadie, take a dish an' go down cellar an' bring up some o' them eatin' apples.'

"'How's your maw a-gittin' along with her termatter kethcup, Lafe?' Mis' Calkins 'ud ask him.

"Then Sadie'd come up with the apples an' the ol' folks 'ud gas about 'Lonzo Walker's corn an' the Hereford bull Cal Ripley had shipped in from the Smithers stock farm an' the new schoolma'am at deestrick 2 an' the county bridge over Little Tarkio an' all the news there was a-goin' an' Lafe'd set there an' say 'Yes'm,' an' 'No'm,' an' 'low mabbe it wus so or mabbe it wusn't an' couldn't skarsly git a look at Sadie, let be a word with her, an' she wus one o' the quiet, shy kind same's Lafe was an' hadn't got nothin' ter say neither.

"Long erbout 9 o'clock ol' Isrul'd stretch out his arms an' say, 'Ho-yo-o, hum, ha! Gosh, but the nights is gittin' short! You, Sadie, you'd better be climbin' fer bed. You won't be so pesky ankshus ter git out of it in the mornin'. Hayuh him!'

"Sadie'd climb, an' after a while Lafe'd git up and reckon he'd have to be goin'.

"It went on that way for the best part of a year. Lafe wasn't well enough acquainted with the gal so's he could say anythin' much more'n howdy when he did git a chance to see her by accident, she bein' shy an' him bein' shy. When they started up the lyceryerm in the winter he did get up spunk enough ter say he'd like ter take Sadie.

"'That's real clever of you, Lafe,' says the ol' woman. 'She'll be real tickled to go—won't you, Sadie?'

"'Yes'm,' says Sadie, hangin' her head.

"'I would, too,' says the ol' lady. 'Isrul never did hanker after such doin's, but there hain't nothin' ter prevent him stayin' to home. Bring the surrey, Lafe, if you'd jest as soon.'

"So there wasn't no way out of it that Lafe could see but ter take the ol' lady along, too. That sorter discouraged him an' although it came on good sleighing later he didn't dare to ask Sadie ter go out with him in his cutter fer fear Mrs. Calkins 'ud want to come too, an' he'd hafter set on her lap an' drive. Fin'ly him an' Sadie come to an understandin'. That wus the nex' summer, after he'd walked the ol' woman all about the grounds at the county fair tryin' to tire her out. She hung on as long as she could an' then she seen Sadie wus plum dead on her feet an' she 'lowed she'd set with the gal till she got rested up. Just the same that wus all the good it done him."

"How'd they come to an understandin', then?" asked Parsons.

Hancock stopped with his knife halfway through a shaving of the shingle and eyed his interrogator with supreme contempt. "Well," he went on, "the nex' time he got a chance to say a word to her he says: 'Hain't I never goin' ter git ter see you, Sadie?'

"'Why, you see me all the time,' she says.

"'But I want to see you alone,' says Lafe.

"'Why?' she says. An' I guess she wasn't jokin' him, either.

"Just then the ol' lady got through countin' out her aigs an' waddled up an' j'ined 'em, an' Lafe went away feelin' there wa'n't no show fer him—ever. He studied and studied an' couldn't see no way ontil fin'ly he got desprit. He called around at the house that same evenin' an' the ol' folks set up an' talked same's ushal ontil at last Isrul stretched himself an' told Sadie to climb.

"'You stay awhile, Sadie,' says Lafe. 'I've got somethin' ter say ter you.'

"'What have you got ter say to her?' asks the ol' man, a-prickin' up his ears.

"'I'll tell her after you folks has gone ter bed,' says Lafe.

"'Well, I'm sure, Lafayette Cook,' says Mis' Calkins, 'is there anythin' you've got ter say ter my gal that it ain't fitten her mother should hear?'

"'I calculate there's a right smart,' says Lafe. 'I'm a-goin' to marry Sadie if I kin find out fer shore if she's willin', an' I want a chance to find out. I've been a-comin' here fer two years now an' having ter lissen ter you two folks gab 'thout gittin' in a word aidgeways to the gal. I've stood it as long's I can. If folks hain't got no sense they've got to be told, an' I'm tellin' you now.'

"'For the land's sake!' says the ol' man. 'Why didn't you give us a hint o' the way you wus feelin'?"

"Took it pretty well, didn't he?" remarked the storekeeper.

"Ya-as," drawled Hancock. "But when they was a-goin' ter Sedalia fer a weddin' trip Mis' Calkins wanted ter go along. She said she'd never seen Sedalia right well an' she'd be willin' to pay her own expenses. Sadie seemed willin' to have the old lady go, too."

"Wus Lafe?" asked the storekeeper.

Hancock got up, brushed the shavings from his knees and walked away without replying.

"There, you've got him mad now," said Parsons.—Chicago Daily News.

Importing Flies.

We know how the gypsy moth was brought into this country, and everybody will hope that if any winged creatures are to be imported here they may be dead specimens of their kind. A paragraph in a recent English paper makes mention of a cargo of flies landed there toward the close of March. It consisted of several sacks filled with dried flies, consigned to a large firm of grain merchants.

These flies, exported from Brazil, have been purchased for use in the manufacture of food for chickens, cagebirds and the like.

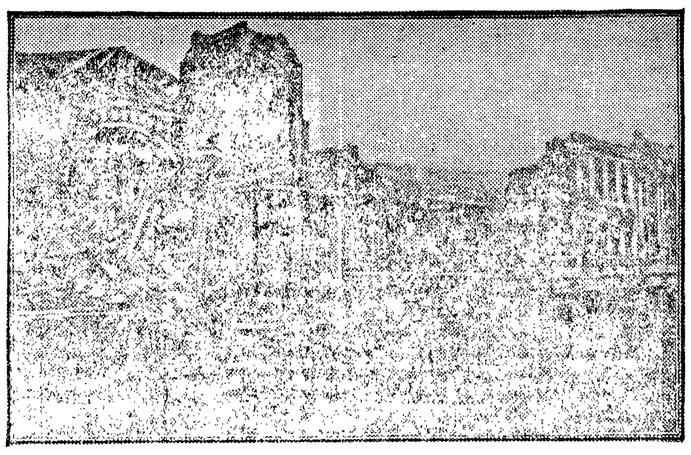
They were caught on the river Amazon by Brazilians, who travel up the river in flat-bottomed boats, and who are provided with gauze nets with which they capture these insects in millions, as flies hover in dense clouds over many of the swamp reaches of the Amazon. The flies thus caught are killed and dried in the sun.

Roaring Lion of St. Mark.

"I suppose you saw the Lion of St. Mark when you were in Venice?"

"I did. Got there just as they were feeding him."—Boston Transcript.

HAVOC WROUGHT BY THE CHILEAN EARTHQUAKE.



RUINS OF THE CHURCH OF LA MERCED.

The earthquake which visited South America on the 16th of August did enormous damage in the district round Valparaiso from the Andes to the sea. Valparaiso was for the time a second San Francisco. All the terrors of the earthquake in the California city were there—earth, tremors, fire, looting. It is estimated that some 2,500 people were killed in Valparaiso alone and $150,000,000 of property destroyed. There were several violent shocks, the first two causing most of the damage. Many of the finest public buildings were wrecked, among them the Victoria Theater, the Naval Club, La Merced Church and many others. Great suffering has prevailed in the country since the disaster. It will take many years to rebuild the city unless foreign capital becomes interested.

LAUNCHING BY ELECTRICITY.

Ingenious New Mechanism Used at a British Shipyard.

The launching of the new British battle ship Agamemnon, which took place on June 23 at Delmuir, Scotland, was marked by the use of ingenious new mechanism, says the Literary Digest. In particular, we are informed by a writer in Engineering, that the old type of dogshores was replaced by an electrical arrangement connected to a series of interlocking levers, which release the triggers that hold the vessel until the signal is given that all is ready for launching. Says the writer:

"Two separate triggers were placed on each side, each fitted with magnetic reply gear to indicate on the launching platform that the mechanism had worked satisfactorily. The whole gear was controlled by means of a miniature steering wheel and standard placed on the launching platform, and so adjusted that when the Countess of Aberdeen, who performed the ceremony, gave the wheel one complete revolution, the triggers were released and the vessel was free to run down the ways. A powerful hydraulic ram was placed at the forward end of the sliding ways on each side of the vessel, the cylinders being coupled to the same supply pipe to insure equality of pressure. These rams were for the purpose of giving the vessel a start if she had not moved directly the triggers were released; but in this instance they were unnecessary. The drags for checking the 'way' on the ship after she had successfully taken the water were formed of chain cables, three piles being arranged on each side to come into play at suitable intervals. The total weight of drags employed was about 600 tons, and their action in bringing the ship to rest was in every way satisfactory. The total time taken from the strat until the vessel was actually clear of the ways was 1:51."

The writer says further:

"The particular berth upon which the Agamemnon was built was specially prepared for the laying down of a vessel of the largest and heaviest type, great care having been taken in the piling in the area. Nearly 1,000 pitch-pine logs, each 40 feet long and 12 inches square, were driven vertically into the ground, with cross-ties on their tops, the total quantity of timber used in the preparation of the berth amounting to about 80,000 cubic feet."

MINGLING OF THE RACES.

Human Life Much Like Plant Organization, It Is Asserted.

In the course of many years of investigation into the plant life of the world, creating new forms, modifying old ones, adapting others to new conditions and blending still others, I have constantly been impressed with the similarity between the organization and development of plant and human life, says Luther Burbank in the Century.

While I have never lost sight of the principle of the survival of the fittest and all that it implies as an explanation of the development and progress of plant life, I have come to find in the crossing of species and in selection, wisely directed, a great and powerful instrument for the transformation of the vegetable kingdom along lines that lead constantly upward. The crossing of species is to me paramount. Upon it, wisely directed and accompanied by a rigid selection of the best and as rigid an exclusion of the poorest, rests the hope of all progress. The mere crossing of species, unaccompanied by selection, wise supervision, intelligent care and the utmost patience, is not likely to result in marked good, and may result in vast harm. Unorganized effort is often most vicious in its tenderness.

On Sister.

"Papa, what's an heirloom?"

"Oh, anything that's been in the family a long time."

"Is sister an heirloom?"—Houston Post.

A fool can have more fun with a dollar than a rich man can with twenty. That's one reason he's a fool.

The antics of the young lawyers and doctors probably greatly amuse the old lawyers and doctors.

WOMEN AND FASHION

New Vocation for Women.

A new vocation for young women is that of the nursery kindergartner, in which the young yoman becomes a resident of the family. The salary paid is from $40 to $60 in New York, with board, and the kindergartner is supposed to be a graduate of a school for kindergarten training. The day of the ignorant nursemaid for children who are able to walk and talk is coming to an end, as it should. Mothers who realize the fact that so much of the child's success in life depends upon its knowledge of the English language will not place the little ones at an impressionable age in the care of women who use bad grammar and even slang. After the age of 10 or 12 a child who has been trained from its infancy in the use of correct English is not likely to suffer, but for the small girl or boy it is all important that the many hours spent in the company of the nurse be spent in the company of a woman of refinement of speech and action.

Dressmakers who have difficulty in pressing curved seams will find a rolling pin a good pressing board, if a clean cloth be wrapped around it.

When putting steel or whalebone into a bodice, bend them slightly at the waist before putting into casing. You will find the bodice will fit to the figure much better.

When putting on a collar make neck of bodice or blouse slightly smaller than base of collar band, and notch bodice here and there while putting collar on. By so doing you avoid wrinkles.

All shirtwaist sleeves should be fitted with the arms crossed behind the back of the head as well as in other positions. A sleeve that is not the necessary length from the armhole to the elbow can never be a comfortable one; it will always drag; and in many cases make the back of the blouse draw and wrinkle between the shoulders.

Making Beef Tea.

Every home nurse is supposed to know how to make beef tea, yet it is surprising how many failures are to be recorded in this apparently simple operation. The fault generally is that too little time is given to the cooking. The point to be borne in mind is that, as far as possible, the whole of the nutriment of the beef is to be extracted. The best method of doing this is to proceed as follows: Remove all the fat and skin from one pound of fresh gravy beef, cut it up into small pieces and put it into a stone jar, with a pint of water and a little salt. Replace the lid of the jar and let it stand all night. The next morning place the jar in a saucepan of boiling water and let it simmer gently—but never boil—for five hours. Strain the fluid through a collander, but instead of throwing away the residue of the meat, pound it in a mortar into a pulp, pass it through a wire sieve and add it to the beef tea. Beef tea made according to this recipe contains all the fiber and albumen of the meat, and is therefore much more nutritious than beef tea in the form it is usually given.

For wear with these black and white stoles are pretty marabou muffs, with three tails, tipped with white, laid on the top.

Old-fashioned bottlegreen and puce-colored velvets are trimmed with mink or sable for directoire coats to be worn with cloth skirts of the same shade.

A pretty arrangement of the bridal coiffure is to have a nest of little curls right on top, encircled by a wreath of orange blossoms, from which the veil is draped.

A short coat, much on the pony order, in beautiful mink skins, is in the wardrobe of a bride-to-be. The stripes of the fur are so arranged as to form a regular pattern and to this and also to the appliques of embroidered velvet the jacket owes its novelty.

A very novel button is of black velvet set in silver and striped in silver bands, studded with rhinestones. Another has a latticework of rhinestones. These brilliant stones are more used than ever, and are combined with oxidized silver, gilt mother-of-pearl and smoked pearl in waving stripes, squares, scrolls and circles.

Brown furs look exceptionally well against brown or blue, although mink shows off well against certain shades of pink and soft green, white, cream and biscuit tints.

Two shades of brown on one suit is a fashionable combination which is finding favor. One noted the other day was a brown cheviot, with revers and cuffs of a very light shade, trimmed with braid. The hat to go with this was of brown felt, with a light brown feather, while the brown shoes were worn with light brown spats. The tout ensemble was charming.

A nice idea is the matching of school frock and coat and when these two garments are of rough-finish blue serge the dress worn with white guimpe, and the coat a reefer, an ideally practical school costume is attained. In dancing frocks for children a suggestion of the empire modes is seen. In coats the empire style has a decided vogue.

A ribbon jumper makes a dainty addition to a young girl's wardrobe. They are to be found ready made in novelty plaid and pompadour ribbons, or in black velvet, which is as pretty as any other over a lingerie or net shirt waist. They are a sort of lattice with half-sleeves and have a charming effect on a slim figure. By the aid of a jumper the same material as the jupon—which is composed simply of straps—a three piece suit can easily be made with little trouble and expense.

Charm of Neatness.

There is an exquisite charm about a neatly dressed woman. She does not wear her hair is if it is just about to fall on her shoulders. Her gloves are not ripped at the seams, nor are any buttons missing from her boots. Her veil does not reveal a hole over her chin nor does the binding of her skirt show ragged in places. The well-groomed woman considers that neglect in these little things is full of shame to womankind. Note the well-dressed, tailor-built woman. Her cloth gown fits her without a crease and there is neither speck nor spot on it. Her linen collar and cuffs are snowy white and remain properly fixed in their places. Her gloves do not wrinkle but button smoothly over her wrists; her shoes are dainty and polished. Her bonnet or hat is pinned on straight and her hair is neatness itself. She is the picture of delicate finish and wholesome order.

Suffrage for Women Vetoed.

The committe on municipal elections of the charter convention at Chicago voted against equal suffrage, and the women of Chicago will have to make up their minds not to vote very soon. Charles Rosenthal, the chairman of the committee, said that he thought that giving the ballot to women would make them lose "the finer qualities that men wish so much to preserve." No doubt the ladies would be better pleased if it would be also decided that it is detrimental to their "finer qualities" to require women to pay their taxes every year.

How to Meet the Expense.

An interesting bit of reckoning for the housekeeper nowadays is to count up the ways in which she is saving to make up for the extra expense of living. It costs nearly $300 a year more in one family than it used to a couple of years ago, owing to the high price of everything. If the income increases with the expense, of course there is no necessity for economy; otherwise the head of the family must cut her expenses to equal the income. One family has given up the magazines and get them from the library; a maid is kept only during the hot months of summer and in the fall, and the work is done by the members of the family to save the expense. There are many expedients, and while it is all hateful, it is nevertheless necessary and may result in good after all.

Quaint Turban.

A quaint turban of black beaver, with a red velvet rosette on one side from which falls a scarlet feather.

Mortality of Women.

In the European countries the mortality rate among women is greater than among men. What precisely creates this condition in civilized environments is discussed by Dr. F. Prenzing in the Archiv fur Biologie. He states that until 5 years of age the boy dies faster than the girl; but between 5 and 15 the girl carries it to the other extreme, one of the great factors being tuberculosis. But it is between 15 and 20 that these figures take on a formidable appearance. It is immaterial whether the city or country furnishes the data. Anaemia is the scourge. This high rate among women is significant of modern conditions. It goes hand in hand with the entrance of women into industry.

BACK AND FRONT OF SATIN EVENING GOWNS.

To Help Sick Babies.

The death rate among babies is higher in Germany than in any other country of Europe except Austria and Russia, which seems strange when one takes into account the fact that the mothers devote so much of their time to their households. The Empress of Germany has contributed a large sum to help found an institution to be devoted to the saving of infant life.

Spinsters in Demand.

Dignified, mature women and "over 30" are more in demand now than ever before in the business world. Bankers, brokers, lawyers and other employers are beginning to realize that the average girl of 18 is incompetent to be intrusted with their confidential business, and the mature woman, is, consequently, asked for when they are seeking help.

Wilhelmina a Linguist.

Queen Wilhelmina of Holland is an excellent linguist, for, besides her knowledge of Malay, she speaks French, German and English as fluently as her native Dutch, and she knows something besides of Italian and Russian.

USING THE PROBE

INTERSTATE COMMISSION HEARING BEGINS AT TACOMA.

Lumbermen Hold Hill Responsible for Present Conditions. Many More Witnesses to Be Examined at Seattle Hearing this Week.

Tacoma, Jan. 21.—Investigation into the lumber car shortage by Interstate Commissioner Franklin K. Lane at the United States court room Saturday developed detailed facts showing the Northern Pacific railroad's equipment to be entirely inadequate to handle the lumber products of Western Washington. Sawmill owners told how small concerns are gradually being forced into bankruptcy, how the larger companies have sustained losses which will reach into hundreds of thousands of dollars, and how thousands of mechanics have been thrown out of employment by failure of the Northern Pacific railway to furnish cars enough to enable the 750 woodworking plants on its line to market their product.

The proceedings were exceedingly quiet, in that no marked manifestations of feeling were shown by either lumbermen or the railroad representatives. Sawmill operators calmly detailed how, through no fault of their own, they had lost thousands of dollars during the past eighteen months, solely because they had not been able to market their product. In the same breath with which they narrated their losses they complimented the strenuous efforts of local officials of the Northern Pacific to relieve the situation and said that, while the Tacoma railroad men had done all they could to aid the mills, the fault lay in mismanagement of higher officials in the East.

Different Since Hill Took Hold

Lumbermen stated that before James J. Hill acquired control of the transcontinental lines serving this territory plans were being made to double-track the entire Northern Pacific line from St. Paul to the coast. While in those days, seven or eight years ago, shipments were sent from this city to St. Louis in from two to three weeks, today it takes lumber from 70 to 120 days to move over the same lines the same distance. One witness recounted an instance of a shipment having been sent by vessel around Cape Horn to New York, leaving Tacoma at the same time at which a shipment of lumber was started East by rail over the Northern Pacific. The sailing ship was out about five months, but won the race.

Everett G. Griggs, of Tacoma, told the commissioner during the afternoon that James J. Hill stated when the lumbermen went to St. Paul last June that the Northwest, and Washington in particular, was growing too fast, and, further, that the Great Northern would pay dividends if it did not haul a stick of lumber.

Probing J. J. Hill's Policy

Details of testimony in which Commissioner Lane indicated that he was most interested, and concerning which he questioned the witnesses closely, related to the policy, alleged to be fathered by Mr. Hill, of allowing cars to accumulate on the sidetracks and then running long trains across the continent at a very slow rate of speed. The manufacturers stated that this policy, shortsighted and unjust to shippers, had caused the car shortage to be felt much more keenly than it would otherwise have been.

Sixty to Hundred Days for Haul

Certain wintesses charged discrimination as to the long and short haul on the part of the Northern Pacific. All agreed that it now takes from 60 to100 days for the delivery of a car from Puget sound to Minnesota transfer points, while before the Northern Pacific and other Western lines passed into the control of Mr. Hill shipments were delivered in an average time of three weeks.

Seattle Has Much to Tell

Seattle, Jan. 19.—At a meeting of the lumber manufacturers here this evening plans were formulated for the testimony that will be submitted to the interstate commerce commission here. More than 100 witnesses are ready to show that the railroads have worked great hardships on shippers and manufacturers by forcing a car shortage on them. Legislative action on a reciprocal demurrage bill was also discussed. The bill will be immediately be introduced in the legislature.

RAILWAY MEN WANT 8 HOURS

An Appeal Is Made to the Legislature of the State of Washington.

Seattle, Jan. 22—Railroad employes of all branches of the sericve held a meeting here and formed plans for securing from the present legislature of Washington passage of an eihgt hour law Gov. Mead and State Labor Commissioner Hubbard were present and assuredt he men of their hearty co-operation. The executive heads of all the leading railway organizations of the country were present

Admiral Sigsbee Retires

Washington, Jan. 17.—Rear Admiral Sigsbee has been retired on account of the age limit. He was commander of the ill-fated Maine when that battleship was blown up in Havana harbor and later during the Spanish-American war commanded the scout cruiser St. Paul.

ADVANCE IN LOGS

Puget Sound Association Puts Another Dollar on Price.

Seattle, Jan. 22—The Washington Logging and Brokerage Company, composed of 90 per cent of the loggers of Puget sound, have announced an advance of an average of $1 per thousand feet for logs, including fir and cedar.

Despite the assurances of the loggers that there is the extra demand for lumber to sustain the increase, many small manufacturers complain bitterly, declaring that they will have to close down on account of the advance. They say that British Columbia lumber has been able to absorb the tariff, and that the advance will glut the market, citing San Francisco's embargo against lumber as an instance.

Aberdeen Mills Will Close

Aberdeen, Wash., Jan. 22.—A meeting of the Grays Harbor Lumber Manufacturers' Association has been called for Monday to consider the matter of a shutdown for thirty days. There are no logs in the market at present and it will be a few days before operations are resumed in the camps. The log shortage is being seriously felt.

MR. BRYAN ADDRESSES STATE LEGISLATURE

Olympia, Jan. 19.—William Jennings Bryan addressed the legislature, assembled in joint session, yesterday. He was accompanied by Gov. Mead. The galleries were packed and the distinguished publicist was accorded a warm welcome, expressed in applause and personal greetings The rap of the gavel brought the legislators to their feet when Mr. Bryan and the joint committee that waited on him was announced. He was the recipient of generous applause as he walked down the aisle. In a brief sentence the lieutenant governor introduced Mr. Bryan as "one of the most distinguished citizens of the world."

Mr. Bryan spoke for fully an hour, addressing himself on the topic of the duty of legislators to the people, the crying needs of the hour in the nation the ethics of public service and the great questions and issues of the day, with which he has been identified since his return from abroad. He spoke of public ownership of the railroads, rate regulation, control of trusts, and concluded with a brief exposition of individualism as compared with socialism. The election of United States senators by direct vote of the people and the initiative and referendum were also touched on by him.

President Roosevelt was eulogized for his courage in espousing the cause of good government so fervently, Mr. Bryan predicting that the president's place in history would be first, not because of any special legislation to which he had attached his signature, but because of his agitation for honesty among men and his utterances on the ethics of making money.

Prior to addressing the legislators, Mr. Bryan was the guest of the press correspondents and local newspaper men at a breakfast, served at the Mitchell. He spoke on "the power of the press," and of his belief in such power when properly applied.

NEW A.-Y.-P. EXPOSITION APPROPRIATION BILLS

Olympia, Jan. 22.—A new bill appropriating $600,000 for the construction of new buildings on the campus of the state university will be introduced in the senate today, as the Condon bill will be withdrawn.

The new bill provides for a special tax levy of two-fifths of a mill to raise the $600,000, the levy to run over a period of three years.

This is the plan advanced at the meeting of the King county delegation, university regents and A.-Y.-P. officials last week.

At a special meeting of the senate appropriations committee held last night the needs of the state university with special reference to the $600,000 appropriation were discussed and the committee decided to meet with the house committee on Wednesday night to review the entire matter.

The regents of the university and A.-Y.-P. Oofficials will be asked to attend and present a statement on the subject. While the disposition of the senate committee is friendly to the university it is also apparent that the committee will have to be "shown" before any appropriation, large or small, is sanctioned.

The needs of the other state institutions were also informally discussed last night, but nothing was agreed to.

In the senate yesterday Senator Knickerbocker introduced the bill providing for the installation and maintenance of a state exhibit at the exposition and appropriating $400,000 therefor.

Mitchell Report Is Indorsed

Indianapolis, Ind., Jan. 22.—The convention of the United Mineworkers of America adopted the report of President Mitchell and refused to concur in the report of Vice President Lewis. President Mitchell indorsed the action of the last national convention in allowing miners to sign agreements by districts. Vice President Lewis had taken the opposite position.

Establishes Caribou Forest Reserve

Washington, Jan. 17.—The president has signed a proclamation establishing the Caribou forest reserve, in Idaho and Wyoming, containing approximately 600,000 acres, mainly in Idaho.

TO ENFORCE TREATY

JAPANESE SCHOOL QUESTION IS NOW IN COURT.

Mandate Issued By California Supreme Court at Request of Attorney-General of the United States---Case Will Be One of Great Importance.

San Francisco, Jan. 21.—The first action in what promises to be one of the most important legal battles in the history of the United States between a state of the Union and the federal government, was taken when the supreme court of the state of California issued an alternative writ of mandate commanding Miss Mary A. Deane, principal of the Redding primary school, to admit Keikei Aoki, a 10-year-old Japanese boy, as a pupil in her school or appear before that court at 10 o'clock February 11 to show cause why she should not admit him.

The order was signed by every member of the supreme court. This action of the supreme court was in answer to the petition of the United States district attorney, Robert T. Devlin for a writ of mandate against Miss Deane following the latter's refusal to admit young Aoki to her school.

Attached to the petition for a writ of mandate is a request by United States Attorney General Bonaparte to the effect that the United States be made a party of record for the purpose of enforcing the treaty with Japan.

The Issues Involved

State rights, the treaty of the Unites States with Japan, the validity of the order issued by the San Francisco board of education and the constitutionality of a law of the state of California, as well as the interpretation of the word Mongolian, are involved in the two suits.

Every phase of the trouble arising over the exclusion of the Japanese from the schools attended by whites by the board of education is mentioned in the petition for a writ of mandate. After reciting the age of the boy, the fact that the Redding primary school, which he attended until excluded by the resolution of the board of education, is the nearest school to his home, and that the Oriental school is six blocks further away, the petition asserts that the Aoki child, although Japanese, is not an Indian, nor is he a Chinese or Mongolian, implying thereby that the state law requiring the segregation of those races in the public schools does not apply to the Japanese.

Violation of Treaty Alleged

The document sets forth that the resolution passed by the board of education, including the Japanese in the segregation with the other races, is a discrimination against the Japanese and a denial to the latter of the rights and privileges and liberties granted by the state of California to subjects of the most favored nations, and that the acts complained of are in violation of the treaty now in force between the United States and Japan. A copy of article 1 of the treaty is attached to the petition.

A contention which heretofore has not been mentioned in this controversy between the state and federal governments is the claim that the federal government by land grants and appropriations of money has helped to support the public schools of this state, as contained in the following section of the petition:

"That the United States has at various times made grants of land and appropriated money to the state of California for the support of the public or common schools of said state, the last provision for which was made by an act of congress approved June 27, 1906, of all of which various acts it prays that this court will take judicial notice, all of which grants and appropriations were made with the understanding and intent that said schools should be conducted in confonrmity with the constitution of the United States and to all treaties made under the authority of the United States."

The second suit is a very comprehensive bill in equity filed by the United States in the federal circuit court.

The allegations in both proceedings are substantially the same, but in the bill in equity the various facts upon which the government relies are set out at greater length. In both proceedings the government alleges the execution of a treaty with Japan in 1895 which provides that, in whatever relates to the rights of residence and travel the subjects of each party to the treaty shall enjoy in the territories of the other "the same privileges and rights as the citizens of this nation."

Farmers Want Good Roads

Hillsboro, Or., Jan. 22.—Several hundred petitions are being circulated and very generally signed throughout Washington county asking the county court to commence permanent rock-road building this year. It is expected the court will make a beginning this season, the work to be done on the main road running between the Multnomah line and forest Grove. Two years' work would give a rock-road from Portland 40 miles west.

Passed By Both Houses

Olympia, Jan. 17.—The following bills have passed both h uses: Appropriating $90,000 for the purchase of jute and the operation of the jute mill at the penitentiary. Appropriating $70,000 for the expenses of the legislature.

STOKES TO GIVE UP WORK

Millionaire Philanthropist Is Disappointed at Results.

New York, Jan. 22.—After an experiment of many months J. G. Phelps Stokes and his wife, Rose Pastor Stokes have announced that they will give up settlement work on the East Side, as they are disappointed in the results. Every effort made by them toward the betterment of the lot of the poor was met and neutralized, they say, by counter influences in the interest of the rich.

"The truth is that the people appear to be blinded to the real issue at stake," said Mr. Stokes. "The idle rich are blind to the afct that a donation to charvity or philanthropy can serve no real good purpose as long as the unjust social system remains.

"As for the oppressed, they are blind to the fact that settlements and churches can do little or no effective good so long as there remains this inherent injustice in the misguided industrial system which first make people poor and then see that they are kept so. It shall be our purpose from this time on to bend all our efforts in the direction of an awakening of earnest men and women eerywhere to a realiaztion of the full facts and real issues."

OREGON LEGISLATURE ELECTS TWO SENATORS

Portland, Or., Jan. 23.—A special to the Telegram from Salem says the senate and house of the state legislature in session yesterday elected to be senator for the short term Fred W. Mulkey, Republican, of Portland, and for the long term, Jonathan Bourne, Jr., Republican, of Portland. The election occurred on the first ballot and was practically unanimous, only four or five of the eighty -seven members present dissenting.

The election was novel in that it is the first illustration of the working out of the new law providing for an expression of choice for United States senator by the electorate of the state. Messrs. Mulkey and Bourne, at the election in June last, received the nomination for the short and long terms respectively by popular vote over John M. Gearin, Democratic incumbent. Mr. Mulkey's term will expire March 4, he being elected to fill the remainder of the unexpired term of the late John H. Mitchell. Mr. Bourne's term commences March 4, and is for the full six year period.

OTHER SENATORS CHOSEN

Springfield, Ills., Jan. 23.—Shelby M. Cullom has been elceted to the United States senate for the fifth time.

Montgomery, Ala., Jan. 23.—Senators Morgan and Pettus were yesterday re-elected by the Alabama legislature in joint session.

St. Paul, Minn., Jan. 23.— Senator Knute Nelson has been elected United States senator to succeed himself.

Cheyene, Wyo., Jan. 23.—Francis E. Warren was yesterday re-elected United States senator, receiving 64 votes out of a total of 70

Charleston, W. Va. Jan. 23.—The two houses of the legislature voted separately yesterday for United States senator. Stephen B. Elkins received a large majority of the votes cast.

Topeka, Kan., Jan. 23.—Representative Charles Curtis, Republican, has been elected United States senator to succeed A. W. Benson.

Pierre, S. D., Jan. 23.—Robert J. Gamble has been re-elected United States senator from South Dakota.

Raleigh, N. C., Jan. 23.—The legislature has re-elected F. M. Simmons United States senator.

Columbia, S. C., Jan. 23.—Both houses of the legislature have re-elected Benjamin R. Tillman to the United States senate.

Denver, Jan. 17.—Simon Guggenheim, Republican, has bee elected United States senator to succeed Thomas Patterson, Democrat, by the Colorado legislature. He received a large majority of the vote of both house and senate.

Boise, Idaho, Jan. 17.—At a joint session of the Idaho legislature, W. E Borah was elected United States senator to succeed Fred T. Dubois, Democrat by a vote of 53 to 18. The new senator is a native of Illinois, but has been a resident of Boise for sixteen years.

Helena, Mont., Jan. 17.—Congressman Joseph Dixon, Republican, of Missoula, was formally elected senator for the six year term beginning March 4 next, to succeed W. A. Clark, Democrat, of Butte.

Lincoln, Neb., Jan. 17.—Norris Brown has been formally elected United States senator to succeed Senator J. H. Millard, of Omaha. Mr. Brown is a resident of Kearney.

Dover, Del., Jan. 17.—The two houses of the Delaware legislature met in joint session yesterday and formally elected Harry A. Richardson, Republican, United States senator to succeed J. Frank Allee.

Boston, Jan. 17.—The vote in separate session of the two houses of the legislature assures the election of Senator Crane.

Concord, N. H., Jan. 17.—United States Senator Henry E. Burnham has been re-elected for six years.

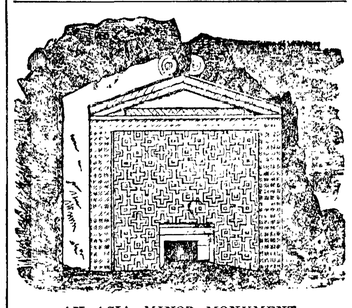
Augusta, Me., Jan. 17.—Wm. P. Frye has been re-elected senator for six years

Lansing, Mich, Congressman William Alden Smith has been elected United States Senator to succeed Senator Alger

Marvelous, Quaint and Curious.

Rock-Cut Monuments.

The engraving below represents an example of rock-cut monuments which are found in Doganlu, in Asia Minor. They are placed on the rocky side of a narrow valley, and unconnected apparently with any great city or center of population. Generally they are called tombs, but there are no chambers nor anything about them to indicate a funereal purpose, and the inscriptions which accompany them are not on the monuments themselves, nor do they refer to such a purpose. Altogether, they are certainly among the most mysterious remains of antiquity, and, beyond a certain similarity to the rock-cut tombs around Persepolis, it is not easy to point out any monuments that afford even a remote analogy to guide us in our conjectures. They are of a style of art clearly indicating a wooden origin, and consist of a square frontispiece, either carved into certain geometric shapes, or prepared apparently for painting; at each side is a flat pilaster, and above a pediment terminating in two scrolls. Some, apparently the more modern, have pillars of a rude Doric order, and all indeed are much more curious than beautiful



AN ASIA MINOR MONUMENT.

Belonged to James I.

In former times it was a common practice with princes and nobles to have elaborate articles of jewelry constructed in such forms as had a religious and emblematical signification. An inventory of the Dukes of Burgundy, made in 1396, speaks of a fleur-de-lis which opened, and contained inside a picture of the Crucifixion. In 1416, the Duke of Berri had "a fair apple," which opened, and contained within on one side the figure of Christ, and on the other that of the Virgin. We find similar entries in the other different inventories of the Dukes of Burgundy. These kinds of devices contained in fashion till a much later period, and a very curious example, from the collection of Lord Londesborough, which appears to have belonged to King James I., is here engraved. The whole is of silver, and the leaves appear to have been painted green. On opening it we find in the inside the small skull here represented above the apple. The top of the skull opens like a lid, and inside are two small paintings, representing the Creation and the Resurrection, with the inscription, "Post Mortem, vita eternitas." The external inscription is not gallant. To give the apple externally a more natural appearance, there are marks of two bites on the side opposite that here represented, showing a large and small set of teeth.

CURIOUS JEWEL.

WEST POINT CLOTHES.

Cadets Have Trouble Taking Off Stiff Duck Trousers.

In changing apparel and "dressing up" the West Point cadet far outshines many a fashionable girl at a summer hotel, says the New Tribune. Many times a day stern military fashion compels him to appear in certain prescribed uniforms at the various exercises. Among his most particular articles of dress are the snow white duck trousers. Not a break must be seen in the long crease from top to bottom. These cost $4 a pair. Each cadet has from twelve to fifteen pairs. Demerits are imposed for a bad wrinkle or a break in the crease during dress parade. A short walk along "flirtation path" and a few sittings for spooning with a fair camp visitor play havoc with a fresh pair of duck trousers, and they must be discarded for official wear until relaundered. Probably Uncle Sam's young wards at West Point are the only soldiers that cannot pull off their own trousers. One of the amusing scenes caught by a Tribune photographer recently was one cadet giving another a "drag." This is, however, only an ordinary courtesy between cadets. At an angle of 75 degrees one reclines on the floor or bed, while his partner, with hands grasping the inner edges of the boardlike trousers, by a swift pull and twist slips them off without ruffling the precious things.

"Hello, Jones, come give me a 'drag,'" is one of the most familiar and often heard calls just after parade or other formal ceremony.

While in camp the cadets had the opportunity to carry out numerous class customs and jokes of a mild nature, the oldtime hazing having been entirely done away with. One of the most exciting and spectacular of these diversions is that of "giving a cadet the hydrant." When a man qualifies in swimming or gets a "make"—that is, if he is made a cadet company officer—at the first opportunity he is suddenly seized by half a dozen or more of his fellows, who carry him bodily to the nearest hydrant, and, notwithstanding vigorous kicking and struggling, a great volume of water is poured over the helpless victim. A pair of white trousers is reduced to a rag-like condition by the operation in short order.

Two of the most interesting foreigners at West Point are the young Chinese cadets, Chen and Wen, now in the third class. These two Asiatics are both bright and popular and have made a good record so far as students. Their expenses at the academy are paid by the Chinese government, and they are being educated as a special act of courtesy by Uncle Sam to that nation. They hail from different provinces and come from high aristocratic families. Both expect to become generals some day in the Chinese army, where they will put into practice their West Point training.

NO ELECTRIC POLES THERE.

French Cities Place Strong Restrictions on the Light Companies.

The distribution of electrical energy is progressing so fast in France that a law has been passed setting forth the most complete administrative regulations for the protection of the public.

The first and most striking result of the new law is the refusal of the municipal authorities in all large cities to permit the use of poles and overhead wires.

In Marseilles, for instance, two powerful companies are preparing to deliver electricity in all parts of the city and neither one has been or will be permitted to erect a single pole.

Great progress has been made in the manufacture of underground cables, which are carefully insulated and rendered impermeable, so that they may be laid in ordinary trenches exactly like gas pipes. As a rule when the trench is prepared a layer of crushed limestone is spread on the bottom and after the cable is put in place it is covered by thin bricks so as to minimize the destruction by humidity.

The methods adopted are comparatively cheap and are said to involve no danger to life or property or commercial disadvantages. As the location of breaks can be determined before a pick is placed in the earth, just as flaws in ocean cables can be located, the construction of expensive permanent underground conduits may be dispensed with.

Companies will be required to compensate the State, the department and the communes for the use of the public domain and rules for the protection of the landscape will be enforced. The conditions will be subject to annual revision to keep pace with the progress of electrical engineering.—Chicago Chronicle.

SCHOOL STUDIES.

I was just thinking of "Stub" Williams. Remember him? He sat on the front seat and was the dumbest thing that ever went barefoot. About all he could do when called upon to recite was sweat and look as expressionless as a pumpkin pie. He couldn't spell; he could scarcely read; he knew nothing about geography, and he always said that grammar "ain't no use." His father was another "Stub," and went to law with the school authorities because they forced him to send his boy to school. The old man is dead. Heard of the other "Stub" last week. He went through our town in his private car. His grammar isn't much better, but when he speaks the superintendents of three big railroad systems take notice, and he can sign his name so that they can read it at the bank. You never can tell.—Cincinnati Post.

Applied Mechanics.

The examination in the principles of mechanics was taken by Abel Dunning with a due regard to what he had learned "by main strength," as he proudly stated; but he also used in answering the questions what he was pleased to call his "horse sense."

"A pin will not stand on its point," he said in answer to one question, "for three reasons:

"In the first place, a point, according to Euclid, is that which hath no parts and no magnitude; in the second place, a pin will not stand on its head, much less therefore on its point; in the third place, it will if you stick it in hard enough."

Didn't Run Across All of Them.

"Did you run across any one you knew while you were out in your auto?"

"We ran across a few; but ran over most of them lengthwise."—Houston Post.

It is a wonder that some women don't get so discouraged every time they take a good look at their husbands, that they can't go on.

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FRIDAY, JANUARY 25, 1907.

In four weeks only sixteen sailing vessels have arrived on the Sound. says the Seattle Times, and many which should have been here are listed overdue. It is estimated that almost fifty ships which should have reached Puget Sound ports in the past month are unable to make progress against head winds. Any chance of the tugs going outside to look for the missing vessels is precluded by the fuel shortage. Until the wind changes to southwest, northwest or some direction other than dead ahead, sailing ships on the waters of the Sound will be scarce.

Congress has just passed the artillery bill, which means much for Puget Sound forts. It is expected that fulfillment of allowances of the measure will permit the expenditure of more than seven millions of dollars for the equipping of Forts Worden, Casey, and Flagler, adjoining Port Townsend, to their full strength.

In naming the committees of the lower house of the state legislature, Speaker Falconer remembered Clallam county's new member liberally. Mr. Govan is a member of these committees: Dairy and Live Stock, Game and Game Fish, Railroads, Roads and Bridges.

Secretary Shaw has made a favorable report on Senator Piles' bill creating the office of appraiser of customs for Puget Sound district. It is thought that if the bill becomes a law, Tom Payne, now secretary to Senator Piles, will be the first incumbent of the office.

The N. P. surveying crew of twenty-eight men who have been working east of Angeles the past two months, are now in the neighborhood of Seguin, reporting exceptionally favorable grades.

The president has sent to the senate the name of Richard A. Ballinger, Seattle, to be commissioner of the general land office. The official mantle falls upon worthy shoulders.

School Director an Important Question.

The election of a school director to succeed Mr. Brumfield will shortly come before the people of this city. The importance of the office is too often overlooked until it is too late and the matter of finding and inducing persons qualified both by inclination, education and business ability to fill these important offices has too often been left to those who were interested, personally, without any great regard as to whether or not the person selected knew anything about educational matters or took any great interest in our schools. That more thought should be given the subject is, we believe, the unanimous sentiment of all our citizens who are interested in the welfare of our schools and who want to see them the equal of any in the state.

There is nothing that so commends a place to those who are seeking new homes as the fact that the citizens take an active interest in their educational institutions. You may convince the head of a family that the opportunities for business are the best but it will avail nothing if the schools are inferior and not up to date. In short, there is no inducement that will take the place of good schools to those who may be thinking of coming to our city.

We have heard Dr. S. W. Hart spoken of as a probable candidate for the office, or rather, we have heard his name mentioned as being one who could bring to the position every desirable qualification. As to whether or not he could be induced to accept the position we have no intimation. But the Doctor's superior educational qualifications, his studious habits, his undoubted business ability, and his unflagging interest in all that he undertakes, are matters of common knowledge to us all. He is not a man who could be induced to swerve one step from any course he might believe to be for the best interest of our schools. His knowledge of matters sanitary, and his well-known ideas on improvement in order that the home and the city may become a place wherein it is a pleasure to live, would make him an exceptionally desirable director. We sincerely trust he may be induced to accept the position.

The Port Townsend Call announces that about February 1st, "Harry Ballinger, Esq., one of the city's leading and most successful lawyers," will leave Townsend for Seattle and become a member of the newly organized law firm of Reynolds, Huston & Ballinger. Among other things the Call says, "Mr. Ballinger has resided here for the past fifteen years and is conceded to be one of the leading attorneys of the west side. He has multitudes of friends here who will regret to see him go, but realize he is entitled to better opportunities and a wider and more promising field of action."

Don't worry about the things of yesterday, they have gone. Don't worry about the troubles of tomorrow, they haven't come. Today is easily taken care of.

$400,000 REASONABLE

LESS THAN OREGON PUT UP FOR PORTLAND FAIR

State Will Receive Double Benefit, Buildings Being Permanent Structures for Use of University.

Two bills introduced in the present session of the Legislature provide for a total appropriation for the Alaska-Yukon-Pacific Exposition of $1,000,000.

One bill calls for an appropriation of $600,000, which, though its provisions will benefit the exposition, is not in a strict sense of the word an exposition measure. It provides for permanent buildings for the State University, which are absolutely necessary on account of the rapid growth of that institution. The structures would be built at once and loaned during the exposition to the management. Every cent would be spent under the direct supervision of the university regents, who are responsible men with fixed duties established by laws of the state.

The other bill for $400,000 provides for the participation of the state of Washington by the erection of a handsome building and the installation therein of a representative exhibit. The money would be expended under the supervision of a state commission appointed by the governor, or in the same manner as the commissions to other fairs conducted the work.

Oregon appropriated $500,000 for the Lewis & Clark Exposition in 1903 when its population was about 450,000 and the assessed valuation of its property $174,000,000. This made $1.11 for every person in the state, or a little more than one-third of one per cent of the assessed valuation. Washington, with 850,000 population and an assessed valuation of $530,000,000, is asked for $400,000, or 47 cents per capita, about one-thirteenth of one per cent. It would be raised by a special levy, distributed over three years.

Oregon absorbed its appropriation of $500,000 without the least difficulty. In 1903 its assessed valuation was 174 million; now it is 427 million, and a considerable portion of the increase is due to the prosperity of the state resulting from the exploitation its resources received thru the exposition. So, also, the state of Washington would not feel the appropriation. In a few years we will have one million people and a valuation of a billion.

Portland raised $418,000; Seattle has already raised $650,000 and promises $800,000. Seattle has already raised more than Omaha, San Francisco, Nashville, Portland, Atlanta or Charleston did for their expositions.

The exposition is commercial in character and is not founded upon historical sentiment. It will exploit the resources of Western America, Alaska and the Yukon, and promote closer trade relations with Asia and Oceanica, and the Americas.

It will bring 250,000 people from east of the Rockies to the Pacific coast in 1909, more if the railroads can handle the traffic. These people will spend at least $100 each in the state, or $25,000,000.

Olympic Game Reserve Bill Passed

The Humphrey game preserve bill, creating a game preserve within the Olympic forest reserve, has passed the house of representatives, and has been favorably reported in the senate. The act authorizes the president to designate such area in the Olympic forest reserve in the state of Washington not exceeding 750,000 acres, as should, in his opinion be set aside for the protection of game animals, birds, and fishes therein, and as a breeding place therefor. Also provides that it shall be unlawful to hunt, trap, kill, capture or pursue game animals, birds and fish upon the lands and waters so set aside. Upon conviction of violations of the provisions of this act an offender may be fined in a sum not exceeding $1,000 and be imprisoned not exceeding one year, at discretion of court.

CARRIE NATION

Certainly smashed a hole in the barrooms of Kansas, but Ballard's Horehound Syrup has smashed all records as a cure for coughs, bronchitis, influenza and all pulmonary diseases. T. C. H—, Horton, Kansas, writes: "I have never found a medicine that would cure a cough so quickly as Ballard's Horehound Syrup. I have used it for years."

Sold at Mathewson's Drug Store.

Proceedings Board of Commissioners

Saturday, the 12th day of January, 1907, 1:30 p. m.

The Board met pursuant to adjournment.

Present Commissioners Filion and Christopher and Deputy Auditor Hawkins.

The Board proceeded to check over the treasurer's vouchers for the quarter ending Dec. 31, 1906; and found the same correct, as per his statement of the same.

The Board examined the following claims and ordered warrants drawn on the current expense fund for the same:

City of Port Angeles, lights for mo. Dec. 1906	$ 2 92
John D. Hickok, premium on office's bonds	46 25
D. E. McGilvray; investigating scarlet fever at Elwha	10 00
T. S Brophy & Co., supplies for Westphal Co. Home	1 80
Pioneer Bindery & Printing Co., supplies, etc	65 65

The Board examined the following claims and ordered warrants drawn on road and bridge district No. 4 to the same:

Earl Wilson and team labor	$ 38 00
A. E. Wilson labor	2 00
Wm. Gwinn labor	2 00
Joel Oberg labor	8 00
Oscar Wahlgren labor	13 00
Albin Wahlgren labor	1 00
F. P. Parker labor	4 00
Morgan Terwilligar labor	9 00
J. F. Clark labor	24 00
Joe Marsh and team labor	28 00
J Donalson labor	9 00
O. B. Smith labor	4 50
Carl Carlson labor	9 00
James Oberg labor	8 00
Peter Schulz labor	3 00
H. A. Poole and team labor	4 00
E. S. Gaydeski and team	6 00
John Van Bossche labor	3 00
August Bark labor	3 00
Jesse Maxfield and team labor	6 00
M. Thomsen labor	24 00
Guy Lesure labor	14 00
Frank Fluharty labor	6 00
Lon Fluharty labor	6 00
Chas. Terwillegar labor	12 00
Roy Burch labor	17 00
Allie Mawhirter and team	6 00

Monday the 14th day of January 1907.

The Board met pursuant to adjournment.

All members being present.

The Board allowed the following claims, and ordered warrants drawn for same on the current expense fund:

J. B. Knapman, deputy sheriff's sal	$ 5 00
Al. Wylde, protecting game	10 00
A. I. Filion 7½ days commissioners sal and mileage	30 20
D. A. Christopher 7½ days commissioners sal and mileage	43 20
H. J. Bugge 4½ days commissioners sale and mileage	23 00

The Board approved the bond of Geo. Myers and C. Wise, contractors for building the vault at the west side of the auditor's office.

The Board allowed the contractors, Geo. Myers and C. Wise, contractors for building the vault at the west side of the auditors vault, $400.00 on their contract, as shown by the superintendent, 2nd estimate.

There being no further business to come before the Board, and the minutes of December 24, 1906 and January 7, 8, 9, 12 and 14, 1907, having been read and approved. Commissioner Christopher voting against the approval of bill of W. E. Burnside and D. A. Christopher, allowed January 9, 1907, the board adjourned sine die.

The Board of County Commissioners met in regular session pursuant to law. Present, Commissioners Lauridsen, Erickson and Bugge, and Auditor Hawkins.

The Board elected Commissioner Lauridsen Chairman of the Board.

The Board appointed Dr. T. J. Appleton, Jr., as County Health Officer, and County Physician.

The Board appointed Annette Trumbull as a member of the County Board of Education, to fill the vacancy caused by Samuel Treby moving out of the county.

The Board approved the bond of Frank Lotzgesell and Authur Cays for clearing and grubbing a portion of Road No. 58, commencing at the present graded road at Dungeness cemetery and ending at the County Road near the school house in School Dist. No. 1.

The Board fixed the salaries of the deputies in the various offices for the ensuing term as follows:

Continued on page 8.

If You Read This

It will be to learn that the leading medical writers and teachers of all the several schools of practice recommend, in the strongest terms possible, each and every ingredient entering into the composition of Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery for the cure of weak stomach, dyspepsia, catarrh of stomach, "liver complaint," torpid liver, or biliousness, chronic bowel affections, and all catarrhal diseases of whatever region, name or nature. It is also a specific remedy for all such chronic or long standing cases of catarrhal affections and their resultants, as bronchial, throat and lung disease (except consumption) accompanied with severe coughs. It is not so good for acute colds and coughs, but for lingering, or chronic cases it is especially efficacious in producing perfect cures. It contains Black Cherrybark, Golden Seal root, Bloodroot, Stone root, Mandrake root and Queen's root—all of which are highly praised as remedies for all the above mentioned affections by such eminent medical writers and teachers as Prof. Bartholow, of Jefferson Med. College; Prof. Hare, of the Univ. of Pa.; Prof. Finley Ellingwood, M. D., of Bennett Med. College, Chicago; Prof. John King, M. D., of Cincinnati; Prof. John M. Scudder, M. D., of Cincinnati; Prof. Edwin M. Hale, M. D., of Hahnemann Med. College, Chicago, and scores of others equally eminent in their several schools of practice.

The "Golden Medical Discovery" is the only medicine put up for sale through druggists for like purposes, that has any such *professional* endorsement—worth more than any number of ordinary testimonials. Open publicity of its formula is the best possible guaranty of its merits. A glance at this published formula will show that "Golden Medical Discovery" contains no poisonous, harmful or habit-forming drugs and no alcohol—chemically pure, triple-refined glycerine being used instead. Glycerine is entirely unobjectionable and besides is a most useful agent in the cure of all stomach as well as bronchial, throat and lung affections. There is the highest medical authority for its use in all such cases. The "Discovery" is a concentrated glyceric extract of native, medicinal roots and is safe and reliable.

A booklet of extracts from eminent, medical authorities, endorsing its ingredients mailed *free* on request. Address Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.

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